BEMIDJI AREA SCHOOLS

Outcomes in Mathematics – AP Calculus II

Students will review and be responsible for all of the outcomes in AP Calculus I as well as the additional outcomes listed below.

I. Parametric, polar, and vector functions

Students will:

- 1. Analyze planar curves given in parametric, polar, and vector forms.
- 2. Find the derivatives of parametric, polar, and vector functions.
- 3. Utilize antiderivatives of parametrically defined functions in order to solve various applications problems such as finding the length of a curve.

II. Application of derivatives

Students will:

- 1. Use L'hospital's Rule to determine limits and the convergence of improper integrals and series.
- 2. Solve logistic differential equations

III. Polynomial Approximations and Series

Students will:

- 1. Explore a series as defined by a sequence of partial sums.
- 2. Understand geometric, harmonic, and alternating series.
- 3. Investigate the terms of series as areas of rectangles and find their relationship to improper integrals.
- 4. Use various tests (including the integral, ratio, and comparison tests) to determine the convergence or divergence of a series.
- 5. Explore the relationship between a given function and its Taylor polynomial approximation.
- 6. Determine the Maclaurin series and the general Taylor series (centered at x=a) for various functions.

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- 7. Memorize the Maclaurin series for the functions e^x , sin x, cos x, and 1/(1-x).
- 8. Manipulate Taylor series using substitution, differentiation, antidifferentiation, and the formation of new series from old series.
- 9. Understand the Lagrange error bound for Taylor polynomials.
- 10. Define various functions using power series.
- 11. Find the radius and interval of convergence for a variety of power series.