### Phoneme Blending Intervention Strategy - Blending Pathway

**For:** Kindergarten and 1<sup>st</sup> grade or older students who have not reached the benchmark and cannot display the ability to blend sounds into words, based on a Phoneme Blending Assessment (attached).

#### BENCHMARKS ON THE PHONEME BLENDING ASSESSMENT:

	Fall	Winter	Spring
Kindergarten		7	14
Grade 1	20	20	20

**Materials**: Word lists for the teacher (attached)

Recommended Duration and Frequency: This intervention should be conducted at least 3 times per week for 10 – 15 minutes per session. Students should advance to the next word list when they demonstrate proficiency (when the student can blend sounds to make words that the interventionist has segmented correctly without help with 95% accuracy overall for at least 3 consecutive days). Monitor the student's progress once a week or twice monthly using the Phoneme Blending assessment (attached). When the child's score is at the benchmark/target for 3 consecutive monitors and teacher observation confirms that the skill has been transferred to classroom work, the intervention may be discontinued.

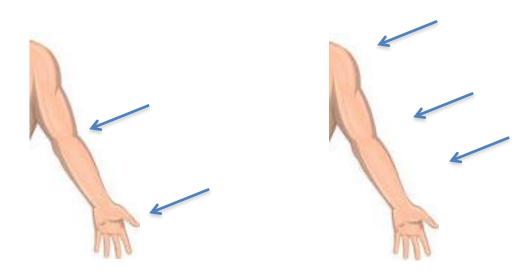
#### **Steps for Intervention**:

- 1. Select an appropriate word list to use with the student. The lists get progressively harder, so choose one based on the student's beginning skill level for this task. (See attached for word lists.)
- 2. Do the first item with the student, saying, "/b//ee/." Hold your left arm out. When saying /b/, touch the crook of your left arm (inside of your left elbow) with your right hand. When saying /ee/, touch your left wrist with your right hand. (Make the sounds 1 second apart.) Then, starting at the crook, sweep down to your wrist, blending the sounds /b/ and /ee/ together to make "bee".
- 3. Next, have the student copy what you did with /b/ /ee/ on his arm, saying the segmented sounds first, and then sweeping down the arm to blend the sounds into the word "bee".
- 4. Continue modeling this task for each of the items until the student seems to catch on. When the student understands the task, all the interventionist needs to do is segment the sounds orally. The student can segment and sweep on his own arm. Make sure the student says the whole word blended as he sweeps down his arm. If the student does not do this correctly, the teacher should go back to modeling the sweep/blend. Record how the student does on the recording sheet (attached). A "-" sign means incorrect. An "m" means the student swept down his arm and blended correctly after a teacher model. A "+" means the student swept and blended correctly without the teacher model.

- 5. When the student is able to sweep and blend 2-phoneme words correctly without a teacher model with 95% accuracy, move on to 3-phoneme words. For 3-phoneme words, the sweep moves from the shoulder, to the crook, to the wrist.
- 6. When a student has achieved at least 95% accuracy on the segmented words given with no teacher model for at least 3 consecutive days, begin working on the next word list.

#### Sample - 2-Phoneme Word:





#### **Word Lists:**

<u>List A: 2-Phoneme Words -</u> bee, egg, toe, key, knee, tea, we, do, moo, zoo, boo, you, go, up, if, ill, me, so, in, an, tie, pie, my, die, new, toy, boy, joy, coy, soy, gee, at, ate, it, oat, use, ease, eyes,

<u>List B: 3-Phoneme Words (initial continuous consonant) -</u> mat, sam, ram, ran, fin, red, less, rob, rip, line, roll, sock, race, sat, fit, rat, run, fog, mill, fill, Meg, rib, seem, log, lock, rug, sun, move, and, nose, sit, fat, rid, rot, mom, man, fig, fell, map, feet, love, van, mitt, mad, rim, mid, lot, fib, leg, note, lip, lake, read, ship, sack, lead, lock, mate, same, rain, fine, lease, robe, ripe, soak, rack, fight, sight, might, light, mile, rate, file, lake, soon, wrote, feel, meal, seal, sake, rake

**List C: 3-Phoneme Words (initial stop consonant) -** hot, ham, dim, dog, bog, beg, pass, pet, cool, wave, coat, tap, cop, pen, tool, hid, hug, wait, time, had, wet, chip, joke, jam, what, wig, pin, ten, well, pan, dad, hill, bell, tin, pill, tub, hush, bet, bob, beg, top, bat, dot, gum, head, wipe, bed, yell, bite, hat, got, gas, get, pull, kit, tune, cob, cap, pop, bib, peek, bet, bake, bike, book, bug, bus, cake, cage, can, cave, chick, comb, cot, cub, cup, cut, deer, duck, game, gate, goat, hose, jack, jeep, jet, juice, kick, pig, path, peak, pot, team, tape, tire, tub, tube, wash, wave, web, wipe

## **Blending Pathway - Recording Sheet**

Student Name:				Date:
List Used (circle one):	List A	List B	List C	

A word is counted as correct and marked as a "+" if after listening to the interventionist segment the word, the student can sweep it on his arm and blend it correctly without a blending model from the interventionist.

Word	Score (Circle only one.)			
	Not blended correctly, even with a model	Blended correctly, but with a model	Blended correctly without a model	
1.	-	m	+	
2.	-	m	+	
3	-	m	+	
4.	-	m	+	
5.	-	m	+	
6.	-	m	+	
7.	-	m	+	
8.	-	m	+	
9.	-	m	+	
10.	-	m	+	
11.	-	m	+	
12.	-	m	+	
13.	-	m	+	
14.	-	m	+	
15.	-	m	+	

	$TOTAL\ SCORE\ (add +'s) =$	
PERCENTAGE OF ACCURACY	$(TOTAL\ SCORE/TOTAL\ \#\ OF\ WORDS\ X\ 100) = 1$	

# Blending Pathway - Integrity Check

Date:	Grade Level:	Tier	
tor - Student	Yes	No	N/A
ed below benchmark on the Phon	eme		
or - Materials	Yes	No	N/A
Interventionist	Yes	No	N/A
•	(quiet,		
	earm		
	/her arm		
onses accurately on the recording	g sheet.		
odeling if s/he has difficulty.			
times per week for 10-15 minut	es.		
st when reaching 95% accuracy 3	3 times		
he phoneme blending assessmen	t at least		
	or - Materials  - Interventionist ent conducive to task completion ent, etc.) ounds one second apart, using the child still needs it. a word while sweeping down his, student no longer needs this step ite for the student's skill level. onses accurately on the recording modeling if s/he has difficulty. It times per week for 10-15 minut st when reaching 95% accuracy 3	red below benchmark on the Phoneme  Or - Materials  Yes  Interventionist  ent conducive to task completion (quiet, ent, etc.)  ounds one second apart, using the arm child still needs it.  a word while sweeping down his/her arm student no longer needs this step.)  Ite for the student's skill level.  onses accurately on the recording sheet.	Proceed below benchmark on the Phoneme  Or - Materials  Yes  No  Interventionist  Pent conducive to task completion (quiet, ent, etc.)  Founds one second apart, using the arm child still needs it.  Fa word while sweeping down his/her arm student no longer needs this step.)  Interventionist  Stimes per week for 10-15 minutes.  St when reaching 95% accuracy 3 times

(Ideas for this intervention borrowed from *Improving Reading: Strategies and Resources* by Jerry Johns.)

Say to the child, "I will say some words in a secret language. You try to guess what word I am saying. Let's try one: s - ee. What word did I say?" If the child does not guess "see", say, "S-ee is see. Let's try another. T-ea. What word did I say?" If the child does not guess correctly, continue with the assessment, but stop testing if the child becomes frustrated.

\_\_\_\_ 17. **w - a - sh** (wash)

\_\_\_\_ 25. **ch - ee - se** (cheese)

Say the following words to the child in segmented fashion, as indicated. Give one point for each word the child guesses correctly.

2. <b>g - o</b> (go)	18. <b>y - aw - n</b> (yawn)
3. <b>d - ie</b> (die)	19. <b>b - e - t</b> (bet)
4. <b>h - ay</b> (hay)	20. <b>c - a - n</b> (can)
5. <b>i - s</b> (is)	21. <b>d - a - sh</b> (dash)
6. <b>J - oe</b> (Joe)	22. <b>e - n - d</b> (end)
7. <b>l - ie</b> (lie)	23. $\mathbf{f} - \mathbf{i} - \mathbf{n}$ (fin)
8. <b>m - y</b> (my)	24. <b>sh - i - p</b> (ship)

\_\_\_\_ 1. **b - ee** (bee)

\_\_\_\_ 9. **kn - ee** (knee)

Adapted from assessments mentioned in Yopp, H. K., The validity and reliability of phonemic awareness tests. *Reading Research Quarterly*, 23, 159-177, 1988.