



MAP REPORTS REFERENCE

The following table describes MAP reports and resources available for test results. Which reports you can access depends on which MAP user roles were assigned to your account (see "Required Role" in the headings).

Note: System Administrator and Proctor roles do not have access to reports, data tools, or instructional resources. Data Administrators can access operational reports only.

Name	Description	Intended Audience	
District Level (Required Rol	ment Coord.)		
District Summary	Summarizes RIT score test results for the current and all historical terms so you can inform district-level decisions and presentations.	Superintendent, curriculum specialist, instructional coach, principal	
Student Growth Summary *	Shows aggregate growth in a district or school compared to the norms for similar schools, so you can adjust instruction and use of materials.		
Projected Proficiency Summary	Shows aggregated projected proficiency data so you can determine how a group of students is projected to perform on separate state and college readiness tests.		
Grade *	Shows students' detailed and summary test data by grade for a selected term so you can set goals and adjust instruction.	Principal, counselor, instructional coach	
Grade Breakdown	Provides a single spreadsheet of student achievement (both subject and goal area) so you can flexibly group students from across the school. Unlike the Class Breakdown reports, this report has no limit on the number of students. File format is CSV.		
School Level (Required Rol	Reports e: Instructor, Administrator, or School/District Assessment Coordinator)		
Class	Shows class performance for a term, including norms status rankings, so you can analyze student needs.	Instructional coach, teacher	
Achievement Status and Growth	Shows three pictures of growth, all based on national norms: <i>projections</i> so you can set student growth goals, <i>summary</i> comparison of two terms so	Instructional coach, teacher, counselor	
18 NWEA			



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Name	Description	Intended Audience
	you can evaluate efforts, and an interactive <i>quadrant chart</i> so you can visualize growth comparisons.	
Class Breakdown by RIT	Shows at a glance the academic diversity of a class across basic subject areas so you can modify and focus the instruction for each student.	
Class Breakdown by Goal	Shows academic diversity for specific goals within a chosen subject so you can modify and focus the instruction for each student.	
Class Breakdown by Projected Proficiency	Shows students' projected performance on state and college readiness assessments so you can adjust instruction for better student proficiency.	Instructional coach, teacher, counselor, principal
Student Profile	Brings together the data you need to advise each student and support his or her growth, including learning paths and growth goals.	Teacher, instructional coach, counselor, student, parent
Student Progress	Shows a student's overall progress from all past terms to the selected term so you can communicate about the student's term-to-term growth.	Teacher, instructional coach, counselor, student, parent
Student Goal Setting Worksheet	Shows a student's test history and growth projections in the selected subject areas for a specific period of time so you can discuss the student's goals and celebrate achievements.	Teacher, instructional coach, counselor, student, parent
	ist / Screening Results le: Instructor, Administrator, or School/District Assessment Coordinator)	
Class	Shows overall class performance for skills and concepts included in certain Screening tests or Skills Checklist tests so you can modify and focus instruction for the whole class.	Instructional coach, teacher, counselor
Sub-Skill	Shows test results of individual students in a selected class so you can identify students who need help with specific skills.	
Student	Shows individual student results from certain Screening tests or Skills Checklist tests so you can focus instruction for each student.	Teacher, instructional coach, counselor, student, parent
Learning Con (Required Ro	tinuum le: Instructor, Administrator, or School/District Assessment Coordinator)	
Class View	Shows students together with the skills and concepts they need to develop	Instructional coach,
	Shows skills and concepts for all RIT bands	teacher, counselor

Name	Description	Intended Audience
Data Export Scheduler	Exports test results to text files to enable importing into a database, creating custom reports, and more (CompassLearning® XML functionality requires a separate license)	Superintendents, curriculum specialists, and assistant superintendents for curriculum, instruction, and assessment

Reports Finder

Consult the following table to pinpoint which MAP report you need.

To See	At This Level	Use Report:
class test results	classroom	Class Report on page 13
		Class Breakdown by RIT, Class Breakdown by Goal on page 18
differentiated instruction	classroom	Class Breakdown by RIT, Class Breakdown by Goal on page 18
		Grade Breakdown on page 27
		• Learning Continuum on page 28
disengagement	each student	Student Profile Report on page 43
duration of test	classroom	Class Report on page 13
	school/district	Grade Report on page 22
ethnic or gender, results	classroom	Achievement Status and Growth Report on page 7
grouped by		Class Report on page 13
	school/district	District Summary Report on page 20
		Grade Report on page 22
		Projected Proficiency Summary Report on page 35
	_	Student Growth Summary Report on page 40
growth (projected and	each student	Student Profile Report on page 43
actual)		Student Progress Report on page 58
		Student Goal Setting Worksheet on page 37
	classroom	Achievement Status and Growth Report on page 7
	school/district	Student Growth Summary Report on page 40
history of test results	each student	Student Progress Report on page 58

To See	At This Level	Use Report:
		Student Profile Report on page 43
	school/district	District Summary Report on page 20
		Student Growth Summary Report on page 40
instructional data	classroom	Learning Continuum on page 28
Lexile [®]	each student	Student Progress Report on page 58
		Student Goal Setting Worksheet on page 37
	classroom	Class Report on page 13
	school/district	Grade Report on page 22
mean RIT	classroom	Achievement Status and Growth Report on page 7
		Class Report on page 13
	school/district	District Summary Report on page 20
		Grade Report on page 22
		Student Growth Summary Report on page 40
parent-friendly data	each student	Student Progress Report on page 58
		Student Goal Setting Worksheet on page 37
percentile rank	each student	Student Profile Report on page 43
		Student Progress Report on page 58
	classroom	Class Report on page 13
	school/district	Grade Report on page 22
primary grades, results from screening or skills	each student	Screening and Skills Checklist Student Report on page 33
checklist	classroom	Screening and Skills Checklist Class Report on page 32
programs (like school	school/district	District Summary Report on page 20
lunch), group results by		Projected Proficiency Summary Report on page 35
		Student Growth Summary Report on page 40
projected proficiency on	each student	Student Profile Report on page 43
your state's test	classroom	Class Breakdown by Projected Proficiency Report on page 17
	school/district	Projected Proficiency Summary Report on page 35
Response to intervention	classroom	Class Report on page 13
(RTI) screening, based on percentile	school/district	Grade Report on page 22

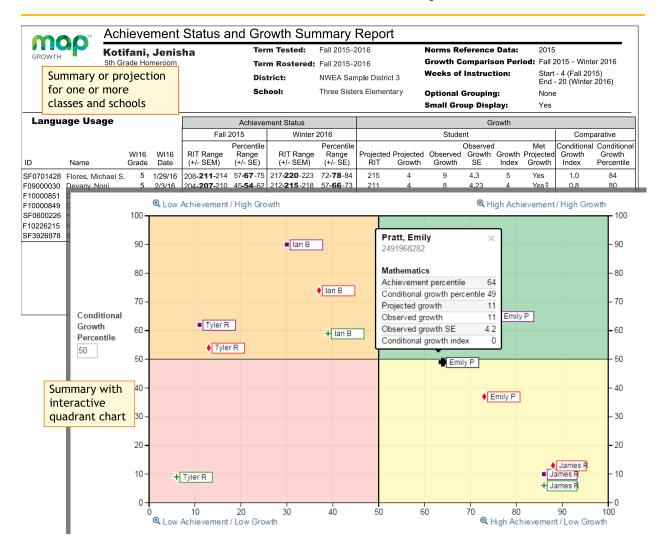
To See	At This Level	Use Report:
RIT score, sorted by	classroom	Class Report on page 13
		Class Breakdown by RIT, Class Breakdown by Goal on page 18
	school/district	Grade Report on page 22
		Grade Breakdown on page 27
roster, students missing	school/district	Students Without Reporting Attributes (see Operational Reports Reference)
roster, duplicate students	school/district	Potential Duplicate Profiles Reports (see Operational Reports Reference)
skills checklist results	each student	Screening and Skills Checklist Student Report on page 33
	classroom	Screening and Skills Checklist Class Report on page 32
stafflist	school/district	User Roles Report (see Operational Reports Reference)
student-friendly data	each student	Student Profile Report on page 43
		Student Progress Report on page 58
		Student Goal Setting Worksheet on page 37
screening test results	each student	Student Progress Report on page 58
(non growth)		(select the All Valid report option)
	classroom	Class Report on page 13
	school/district	District Summary Report on page 20
		Grade Report on page 22
teacher's class results	classroom	Class Report on page 13
teachers missing	school/district	Instructors Without Class Assignments Report (see Operational Reports Reference)
testing status	school/district	Students Without Valid Test Results Report (see Operational Reports Reference)
		Test Events by Status Report (see Operational Reports Reference)

Time Required for Reports

Keep in mind the processing time required for reports and certain report data:

- Nightly Data Update To keep reports running fast, the MAP system performs updates to
 the reporting database only at night. This means that changes users make to data do not
 appear in reports until the next day, after those changes transfer from the main database to
 the separate reporting database. Example changes are:
 - testing
 - o adding a student ID
 - reassigning test events
 - modifying a test window
- Generation Time The time it takes to generate reports depends on the report's priority, size, and volume (number of records included in the report). HTML-based reports are available immediately, but they are not stored in the Reports Queue.

Achievement Status and Growth Report



Description

Shows three pictures of growth, all based on national norms: *projections* so you can set student growth goals, *summary* comparison of two terms so you can evaluate efforts, and an interactive *quadrant chart* so you can visualize growth comparisons.

Applicable Tests	MAP Growth and MAP Growth K-2.
Intended Audience	Instructional coach, teacher, counselor
Required Roles	Instructor, Administrator, or Assessment Coordinator (School or District)
Date Limits	2 years prior, for tests completed within your test window range (set under Manage Terms)

Projected Growth Sample

— Achievement Status and Growth Report —

Achievement Status				Growth							
Fall 2	2015	Winter 2	2016	Student			Compa			arative	
RIT Range (+/- SEM)	Percentile Range (+/- SE)	RIT Range (+/- SEM)	Percentile Range (+/- SE)		Projected Growth		Observed Growth SE		Met Projected Growth		Conditional Growth Percentile
208- 211 -214	57 -67 -75	•		215	4						
204- 207 -210	45 -54 -62			211	4						
210- 213 -216	62 -70 -77			216	3						
198- 201 -204	29 -37 -45			206	5						
203- 206 -209	43- 51 -60			210	4						

Achie	evement Status	Growth	
RIT Range (+/- SEM)	Percentile Range (+/– SE)	Projected RIT	Projected Growth
Test score for the term, shown in bold (+/– standard error of measurement).	Percentage ranking of the achievement reached for the given term, shown in bold (+/– standard error). It is a comparison to similar students in NWEA's norms study, not a comparison to fellow classmates. It also incorporates the weeks of instruction before testing, as set in the MAP preferences for your district or school.	Typical score expected for matching peers within the NWEA norms study—those in the same grade who have the same RIT score in the first term, and the same Weeks of Instruction before testing (as set in the MAP preferences for your district or school).	Number of RIT points the student is typically expected to grow.
SEM and SE = Standard Error of Measurement (an estimate of the precision; if retested soon after, the student's score would be within this range most of the time). If it is unusually high, a footnote (*) indicates you should qualify the results with data from other terms or other measurements.			

Summary Growth Sample

— Achievement Status and Growth Report —

	Achievement Status				Growth						
Fall 2015 Winter 2016			Student					Comp	arative		
RIT Range (+/- SEM)	Percentile Range (+/- SE)	RIT Range (+/- SEM)	Percentile Range (+/- SE)	Projected RIT	Projected Growth	Observed Growth	Observed Growth SE		Met Projected Growth		Conditional Growth Percentile
208- 211 -214	57 -67 -75	217 -220 -223	72 -78 -84	215	4	9	4.3	5	Yes	1.0	84
204- 207 -210	45 -54 -62	212 -215 -218	57 -66 -73	211	4	8	4.23	4	Yes‡	0.8	80
210- 213 -216	62 -70 -77	214 -217 -220	63 -71 -78	216	3	4	4.21	1	Yes‡	0.2	56
198- 201 -204	29 -37 -45	204 -207 -210	33 -42 -51	206	5	6	4.18	1	Yes‡	0.3	61
203- 206 -209	43 -51 -60	210 -213 -216	51 -60 -68	210	4	7	4.38	3	Yes‡	0.6	76
208- 211 -214	57 -65 -73	211 -214 -217	54 -63 -71	214	3	3	4.32	0	Yes‡	-0.1	46
207- 210 -213	54 -62 -70	209 -212 -215	48 -57 -66	214	4	2	4.28	-2	No ‡	-0.3	38

Growth - Student

		Growin - Stude	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
Observed Growth	Observed Growth SE	Growth Index	Met Projected Growth			
Difference between the RIT in the first term and the end term.	Provides an estimate of the Observed Growth precision by incorporating the standard error of measurement (SEM) from each term. If it is unusually high, a footnote (†) indicates you should qualify the results with data from other terms or other sources.	Difference between the Observed Growth and Projected Growth. A zero (0) indicates the student exactly met projection. Inappropriate for comparing students (use Conditional Growth Index).	Indicates whether students met growth projections (Yes) or fell short (No). A ‡ mark indicates the Observed Growth Standard Error (SE) could be large enough to put the outcome in question, and you should qualify these results with other points of data. Consider this example: Projected Observed Growth Growth Projected Growth Growth SE Index Growth 4 9 6.4 5 Yes‡ In this case, the Standard Error (6.4) is large enough to potentially drop Observed Growth (9) below what was projected (4): Projected Growth = 4 Observed Growth = 9 Observ			

Growth – Comparative

Conditional Growth Index	Conditional Growth Percentile
Enables you to compare growth between any of your students. This measurement correlates your student's growth with the growth patterns of matching peers within the NWEA norms study (same grade, starting RIT score, and Weeks of Instruction before testing). In addition, this measurement involves a conditioning process that incorporates how difficult it was for each student to grow. As a result, you can see	Translates the Conditional Growth Index to U.S. national

Growth – Comparative

Conditional Growth Index	Conditional Growth Percentile
each student's growth in the same national context and compare them fairly, regardless of grade or subject.	percentile rankings for
A value of zero (0) corresponds to the mean (typical) growth, indicating that growth exactly matched projections. Values above zero indicate growth that exceeded projections, and values below zero indicate growth below projections.	growth. An index of 0 equates to 50th percentile.

Summary Section

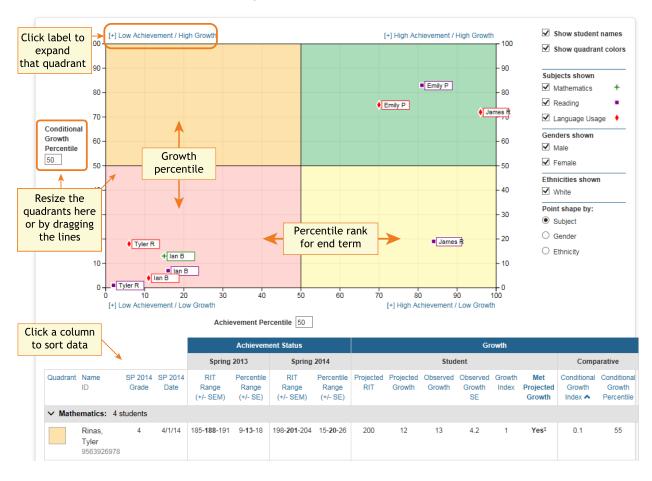
— Achievement Status and Growth Report —

Summary for: Language Usage	Percentage of Students who Met or Exceeded their Projected RIT	81.8%	
	Percent of Projected Growth Met	137.5%	
Count of Students with Growth	Projection Available and Valid Beginning and Ending Term Scores	11	
	Count of Students who Met or Exceeded their Projected RIT	9	
	Median Conditional Growth Percentile	61	
Percentage Of Students Who Met Or Exceeded Their Projected RIT	Percentage of students with a Growth Index vagreater than or equal to zero.	alue	
	Ratio of total Observed Growth to total Project Growth. A performance of 100% is average, meaning the student growth equaled the project		
Percent Of Projected Growth Met	This measure can provide a good indicator of group performance. However, be careful. The assumption is that students will grow at close to the same rate. One or two outliers can skew the percentage for the group. For example, a percentage of 150% could mean that one student's growth surpassed all others.		
Count Of Students With Growth Projection Available And Valid Beginning And Ending Term Scores	Total of students, including those who showed growth and those who did not.		
Count Of Students Who Met Or Exceeded Their Projected Growth	Number of students with a Growth Index value greater than or equal to zero. The count include students flagged as either Yes or Yes‡ in the N Projected Growth column.	es	
Median Conditional Growth Percentile	Percentile that falls in the middle of all the Conditional Growth Percentiles shown.		

Summary with Quadrant Chart

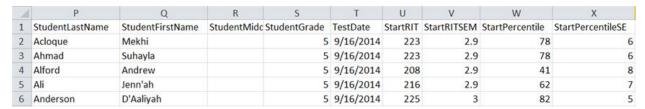
To visualize and compare students' growth in a given class, use the online quadrant chart, which graphs students by:

- Conditional Growth Percentile, on the vertical axis (see explanatory video)
- Percentile rank for the end term, on the horizontal axis



Spreadsheet Output

In addition to PDF and online output, you can choose a Spreadsheet output for the Achievement Status and Growth report. It provides all of the data in a single, comma-delimited file (.CSV format).

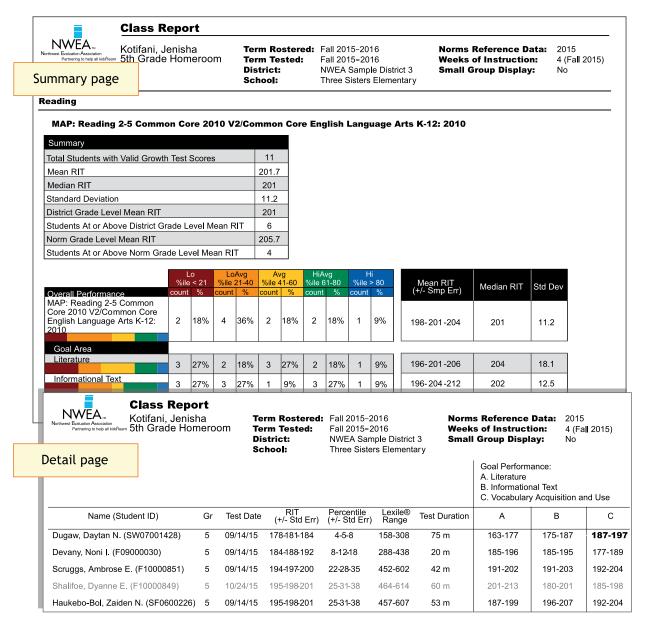


In general, the spreadsheet columns match the PDF and online output, with a few differences:

- **ASGType**: Type of Achievement Status and Growth (ASG) selection you made in the Growth Comparison option (either a Summary of actual growth or a Projection of future growth).
- **WIStartTerm** and **WIEndTerm**: How many Weeks of Instruction (WI) are specified in the Modify Preferences > Manage Terms page for each term.
- OptionalGroupingCategory and Group: If an Optional Group was selected in the report options, the category (such as Gender) and the group (Male/Female) appear.
 - OptionalGrouping columns (near the end): Summary calculations for each group, such as Male and Female.
- Start and End terms: First and second terms in the growth comparison, such as fall and winter.
- StartRITSEM / StartPercentileSE and EndRITSEM / EndPercentileSE: Indicates the Standard Error of Measurement (+ or –) in each term. If it is unusually high, footnotes (+ or *) appear to indicate you should qualify the results with data from other terms or other sources.
- **StartTestDuration** and **EndTestDuration**: How many minutes the student tested in each term.
- Summary data (columns AN to AR): The same values repeat for a given class and subject.
- StartGrowthandAchievement and EndGrowthandAchievement: Where the student falls
 on the quadrant chart for each term, assuming the quadrants are set at 50th percentile:
 - High G/Low A: High Growth / Low Achievement
 - High G/High A: High Growth / High Achievement
 - Low G/Low A: Low Growth / Low Achievement
 - Low G/High A: Low Growth/ High Achievement
 - Note: The growth (High G or Low G) shows the same value for both Start and End terms, but the achievement (High A or Low A) may differ between the terms.

• ConditionalGrowthPercentileAxis and AchievementPercentileAxis: Refers to the Quadrant Chart axis. It always shows 50, even if you change the axis in the chart.

Class Report



Description	Shows class performance for a term, including norms status rankings, so you can analyze student needs.
Applicable Tests	MAP Growth, Screening, and MAP Growth K-2.
Audience	Instructional coach, teacher

Required Roles	Instructor, Administrator, or Assessment Coordinator (School or District)
Date Limits	1 year prior, including tests completed outside your test window range (they appear in gray font)

Summary Pages

— Class Report —

Summary Total Students with Valid Growth Test Scores	11	Mean RIT, Median RIT †	Average and middle RIT scores of students in this class for this subject.	
Mean RIT Median RIT Standard Deviation District Grade Level Mean RIT Students At or Above District Grade Level Mean Norm Grade Level Mean RIT Students At or Above Norm Grade Level Mean	205.7	Standard Deviation †	Indicates academic diversity of a group of students. The lower the number, the more students are alike (zero would mean all scores are the same). The higher the number, the greater the diversity in this group.	
		District Grade Level Mean RIT	Average RIT score of students in this grade for this district. An asterisk (*) appears if the testing window for the term is not closed.	
Students At Or Above District Mean RIT †	Grade Level	the district grade le	dents reported who scored at or above evel mean RIT. An asterisk (*) appears ow for the term is not closed.	
Norm Grade Level Mean RIT Students At Or Above Norm Grade Level Mean	These figures give you a national comparison to students who were in the same grade and who tested in the same test window as observed in the NWEA norms study. An asterisk (*) appears if no norms data are available for this subject in this grade (most often 11th grade science and 12th grade)			

† If summary data is missing: By default, these statistics do not compute if you have fewer than ten valid growth test events because a small group is statistically unreliable. However, you can choose the Small Group Display option to compute these figures regardless of group size.

and 12th grade).

	Lo %ile < 21		LoAvg %ile 21-40 %i					liAvg H			Mean RIT	Median RIT	Std Dev
Overall Performance	count	%	count	%	count	%	count	%	count	%	(+/- Smp Err)	Wedian Ni	Sid Dev
MAP: Reading 2-5 Common Core 2010 V2/Common Core English Language Arts K-12:	2	18%	4	36%	2	18%	2	18%	1	9%	198-201-204	201	11.2
2010													
Goal Area													
Literature	3	27%	2	18%	3	27%	2	18%	1	9%	196-201-206	204	18.1
Informational Text	3	27%	3	27%	1	9%	3	27%	1	9%	196-204-212	202	12.5
Vocabulary Acquisition and Use	4	36%	2	18%	3	27%	1	9%	1	9%	194-198-202	198	10.0

Overall Performance	Goal Area	Mean RIT +/- Smp Err	Std Dev (Standard Deviation)
The top row breaks out the overall scores into the different percentile rankings (low to high), based on the NWEA norms study.	These rows show percentile rankings for each goal area within the test subject. Data appear only if a student took a MAP Growth test, not Screening.	The middle number is the mean RIT score for this grade. The numbers on either side indicate the standard error of measure. Tip—Compare performance in each goal strand with the overall scores in the top section. Your group could be doing well overall, but low in certain areas.	Indicates academic diversity of a group of students. The lower the number, the more students are alike (zero would mean all scores are the same). The higher the number, the greater the diversity in this group.

Detail Pages

						Goal Perform A. Literature B. Informatior C. Vocabulary		nd Use
Gr	Test Date	RIT (+/- Std Err)	Percentile (+/- Std Err)	Lexile® Range	Test Duration	Α	В	С
5	09/14/15	178-181-184	4-5-8	158-308	75 m	163-177	175-187	187-197
5	09/14/15	184-188-192	8-12-18	288-438	20 m	185-196	185-195	177-189
5	09/14/15	194-197-200	22-28-35	452-602	42 m	191-202	191-203	192-204
5	10/24/15	195-198-201	25-31-38	464-614	60 m	201-213	180-201	185-198
5	09/14/15	195-198-201	25-31-38	457-607	53 m	187-199	196-207	192-204

RIT	Percentile	Lexile [®] Range	Test Duration
The middle number in bolded text is the student's overall RIT score. The numbers on either side of the RIT score define the RIT range.	The middle number in bolded text is the student's percentile rank, or the percentage of students who had a RIT score less than or equal to this student's score as observed in the NWEA norms study.	This range appears when the student has taken a reading test. You can use it with online resources to identify appropriately challenging books, periodicals, and other reading material for each student. Lexile® is a trademark of MetaMetrics, Inc.	Minutes a student took on a test. A short test duration might indicate that a student needs to be retested because the test has been invalidated.
(+/- Std Err)			
error range. If retes	her side define the standard ted, the student's score s range about 68% of the		

Gray text: Indicates tests that are valid but do not provide growth data (such as a test taken outside the test window). These test results are excluded from summary statistics.

Goal Performance

Summarizes each student's performance in the goal strands tested.

Italic scores = Performance that might be an area of concern, because they are more than 3 RIT points *below* the overall RIT score.

Bold scores = Performance that might be an area of relative strength, because they are more than 3 RIT points *above* the overall RIT score.

Plain scores = RIT range within 3 RIT points of the overall RIT score.

Scores can appear either as RIT ranges or descriptors. Descriptors are based on NWEA norms: Low = 20th percentile or lower. LoAvg = 20th to 40th percentile. Avg = 40th to 60th percentiles. HiAvg = 60th to 80th percentiles. High = 80th percentile or higher.

If an asterisk (* or *-*) appears: The goal performance cannot be calculated. The student may have answered too many items incorrectly or too few items may have been available in the RIT range assessed.

Class Breakdown by Projected Proficiency Report



Description

Shows students' projected performance on state and college readiness assessments so you can adjust instruction for better student proficiency.

Results are limited to 250 students per class.

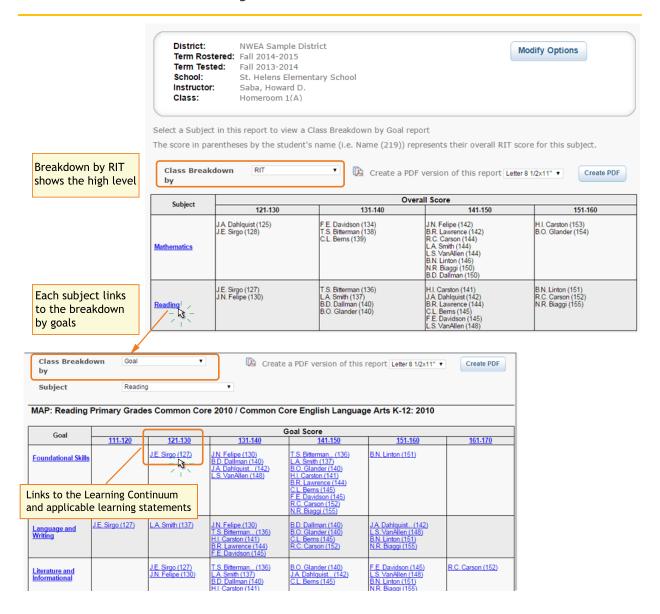
Applicable Tests	MAP Growth and MAP Growth K-2.
Audience	Instructional coach, teacher, counselor, principal
Required Roles	Instructor, Administrator, or Assessment Coordinator (School or District)
Date Limits	1 year prior, for tests completed within your test window range (set under Manage Terms)

About Proficiency Projections

- There are no projections available from summer test results.
- Which state and college projections appear depends on the state alignment that your district selected during MAP implementation.
- If your state does not have a specific NWEA linking study, generic projections developed by NWEA appear on the report.

- Depending on the state, projections may be limited to certain subjects (typically reading and math) and certain grades (typically 2 through 8).
 - College readiness projections are limited to grades 5 through 9.
- ACT College Readiness—The "On Track 24" projection is the highest benchmark. It is based on a more stringent ACT cut score of 24, instead of 22. For details, open the linking study.

Class Breakdown by RIT, Class Breakdown by Goal



Description

Both reports show you at a glance the academic diversity of a class so you can modify and focus the instruction for each student.

- · By RIT—High-level view across basic subjects
- By Goal—Detailed view for specific goals within each subject

	on page 27.
Applicable Tests	MAP Growth and MAP Growth K-2.
Audience	Instructional coach, teacher, counselor
Required Roles	Instructor, Administrator, or Assessment Coordinator (School or District)
Date Limits	1 year prior, for tests completed within your test window range (set under Manage Terms)

Results are limited to 250 students per class. For unlimited students, use Grade Breakdown

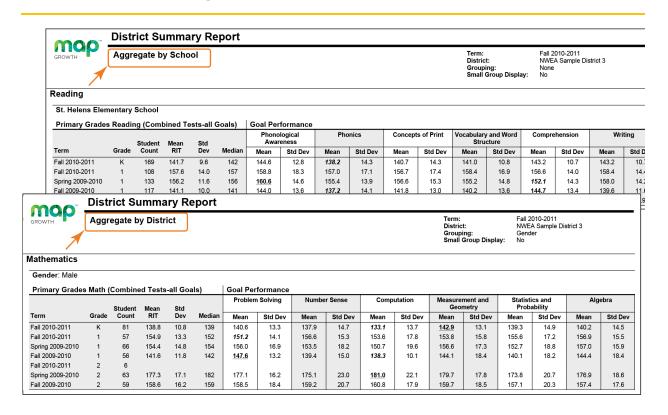
Example Use for Class Breakdown by Goal

You can use the breakdown reports to quickly identify areas of relative strength or areas of concern.

For example, for the Language and Writing goal, J.E. Sirgo performed in a 10-point RIT band (111-120) that is below his overall RIT (127) for Reading, so that is an area of concern. By comparison, his performance for Foundational Skills is fine, because it's in a band encompassing his overall score (127).

Areas of strength or concern apply only for differences of 3 RIT points or more.

District Summary Report



Description	Summarizes RIT score test results for the current and all historical terms so you can inform district-level decisions and presentations. Note: All testing must be declared complete for the term.
Applicable	MAP Growth, Screening, and MAP Growth K-2.

Applicable Tests	MAP Growth, Screening, and MAP Growth K-2.
Audience	Superintendent, curriculum specialist, instructional coach, principal
Required Roles	Administrator or District Assessment Coordinator
Date Limits	All years prior, for tests completed within your test window range (set under Manage Terms).

All years prior, for tests completed within your test window range (set under Manage Terms) Also, the Test Window Complete check box must be selected.

Sample District Aggregation

— District Summary Report —



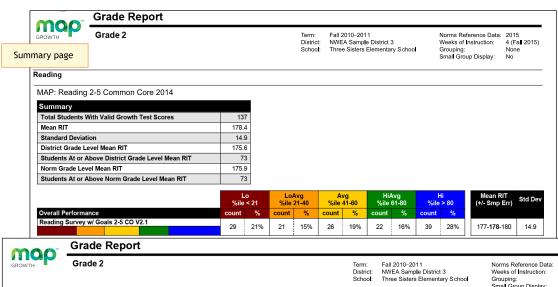
Primary Grades	s main (Combine	ea resis	-an Goa	us)	Goal Per	rormance		
						Problem	Solving	Numbe	r Sense
		Student	Mean	Std					
Term	Grade	Count	RIT	Dev	Median	Mean	Std Dev	Mean	Std Dev
Fall 2010-2011	K	81	138.8	10.8	139	140.6	13.3	137.9	14.7
Fall 2010-2011	1	57	154.9	13.3	152	151.2	14.1	156.6	15.3
Spring 2009-2010	1	66	154.4	14.8	154	156.0	16.9	153.5	18.2
Fall 2009-2010	1	56	141.6	11.8	142	<u>147.6</u>	13.2	139.4	15.0
Fall 2010-2011	2	6							
Spring 2009-2010	2	63	177.3	17.1	182	177.1	16.2	175.1	23.0
Fall 2009-2010	2	59	158.6	16.2	159	158.5	18.4	159.2	20.7

Mean RIT	Std Dev (Standard Deviation)	Median	Goal Performance
Average RIT score of students in this group	Indicates academic diversity of a group of students in this goal area. The lower the number, the more students are alike. The higher the number, the greater the diversity in this group.	Middle RIT score in a group. When three RIT scores, such as 191-199-208, appear on a report, 199 is the median.	Summarizes performance in the goal strands tested. Bold italic scores = Performance that might be an area of concern, because they are more than 3 RIT points below the overall RIT score. Bold underline scores = Performance that might be an area of relative strength, because they are more than 3 RIT points above the overall RIT score. Plain scores = RIT range within 3 RIT points of the overall RIT score.

Example Analysis of this Sample:

- For grade 1, this example shows a large increase from fall 2009-10 (141.6) to fall 2010-11 (154.9).
- However, compare the Problem Solving performance:
 - Despite the rise in Mean RIT, this area for the first grade went from a relative strength (<u>underline</u>)
 to relative concern (*italic*).

Grade Report

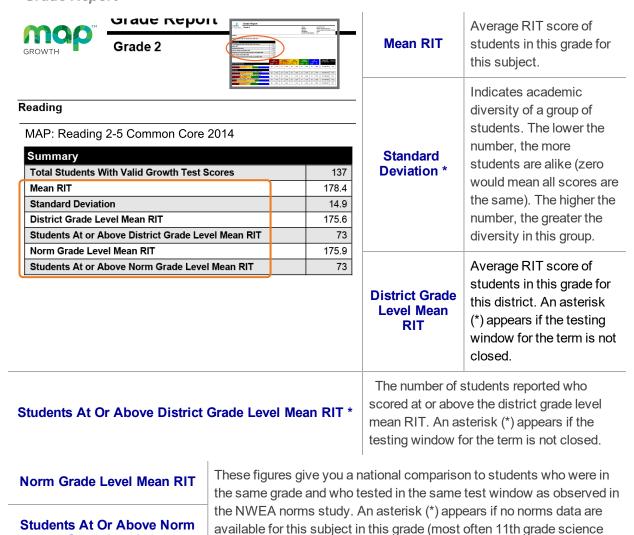


		20	2170 2	1 1570	20	1970 22	1070 39	2070	7-170-100	+.0	
Grade Report											
Grade 2						District: NWE	2010-2011 A Sample Distric e Sisters Element		Norms Referer Weeks of Instri Grouping: Small Group D	uction: 4 (Fa	2015)
eading											
MAP: Reading 2-5 Common Core 2014											
Detail page						A. Phonologica B. Phonics C. Concepts of D. Vocabulary	l Awareness	ure	E. Comprehens F. Writing	sion	
Name (Student ID)	Test Date	RIT (+/- Std Err)	Percentile (+/- Std Err)	Lexile® Range	Test Duration	Α	В	с	D	E	F
Bourdette, Sophie E. (S11001892)	09/30/10	152- 155 -158	7-9-12	BR	20 m	137-151	139-155	153-169	160-175	148-162	152-16
Broadard, Danilo O. (S11002023)	09/30/10	154- 157 -160	8- 11 -15	BR	25 m	145-160	140-156	153-168	147-161	155-170	155-16
Colon-Pagan, Teidah H. (S11001966)	10/08/10	159- 162 -165	14- 18 -24	BR	22 m	158-172	154-168	152-166	160-175	157-171	150-1
Esposito, Lyndon N. (S11002004)	09/30/10	158- 161 -164	12-17-22	BR	24 m	143-158	148-163	132-149	165-179	161-175	167-18
Feller, Griff F. (S11002008)	09/30/10	151 -154- 157	5- 8- 11	BR	26 m	141-156	140-155	155-172	141-155	150-165	154-10
Gatlin, Jatyka A. (S11001867)	09/30/10	171- 174 -177	38- 45 -53	33-183L	21 m	181-198	168-186	172-186	159-173	160-174	163-1
Gutierrez-Figueroa, Madelynne E. (S11001911)	11/29/10	142- 145 -148	1-2-4	BR	23 m	134-148	134-148	133-147	149-166	139-153	138-1
Gutierrez-Figueroa, Madelynne E. (S11001911)	09/29/10	135-138-141	1-1-1	BR	21 m	130-144	140-155	125-140	139-154	125-139	126-1
Henigsmith, Bay Lee E. (S11001930)	09/30/10	146- 149 -152	3-4-6	BR	21 m	142-157	129-144	143-157	148-163	149-164	138-1
Pace, Kristan N. (S11001934)	09/30/10	144 -147 -150	2 -3- 5	BR	25 m	127-143	143-158	141-155	137-153	152-169	137-1
Prada, Delbertson N. (S11001917)	09/30/10	162 -165 -168	18-24-30	BR	37 m	155-170	169-184	160-175	145-161	159-173	155-1
Sagmoen, Maegann N. (S11002000)	10/08/10	152 -155 -158	6- 9 -12	BR	17 m	140-157	153-168	158-173	138-153	151-166	142-1
Shifter, Joleen N. (S11001907)	09/28/10	143-146-149	2-3-4	BR	16 m	162-184	130-146	140-157	120-135	135-152	142-1
Varelman, Lise E. (S11002026)	09/30/10	141-144-147	1-2-3	BR	15 m	133-148	142-157	136-150	133-148	135-150	141-1
Vaughan, Tabbetha A. (S11001964)	09/30/10	157- 160 -163	11 -15- 20	BR	27 m	156-171	143-158	147-163	154-170	166-183	144-1
Vetsch, Lymon N. (S11001909)	10/05/10	148 -151 -154	4- 5- 8	BR	19 m	124-141	143-158	146-163	151-165	153-169	146-1

Description	shows students' detailed and summary test data by grade for a selected term so you can set goals and adjust instruction.
Applicable Tests	MAP Growth, Screening, and MAP Growth K-2.
Audience	Principal, counselor, instructional coach
Required Roles	Administrator or Assessment Coordinator (School or District)
Date Limits	1 year prior, including tests completed outside your test window range (they appear in gray font)

Summary Pages

— Grade Report —



^{*} If summary data is missing: By default, these statistics do not compute if you have fewer than ten valid growth test events because a small group is statistically unreliable. However, you can choose the Small Group Display option to compute these figures regardless of group size.

and 12th grade).

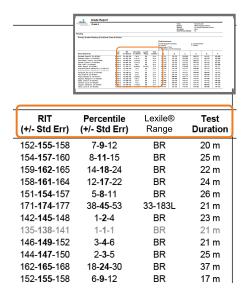
Grade Level *

								# M # M #	n : n : n = 0 = 0	
	L %ile	o < 21		Avg 21-40		vg 41-60		vy 61-80	%ile	> 80
Overall Performance	count	%	count	%	count	%	count	%	count	%
Reading Survey w/ Goals 2-5 CO V2.1	29	21%	21	15%	26	19%	22	16%	39	289
Goal Area										
Students Read and Understand Variety of Material	30	22%	20	15%	28	20%	22	16%	37	279
Students Apply Thinking Skills to Their Reading	29	21%	26	19%	17	12%	28	20%	37	279
Students Locate, Select, and Use Information	18	13%	37	27%	30	22%	17	12%	35	269
Students Read and Recognize Literature	28	20%	25	18%	17	12%	27	20%	40	299

Overall Performance	Goal Area
The top row breaks out the overall scores into the different percentile rankings (low to high), based on the NWEA norms study.	These rows show percentile rankings for each goal area within the test subject. Data appear only if a student took a MAP Growth test, not Screening.

Detail Pages

— Grade Report —



RIT	Percentile	Lexile® Range	Test Duration
The middle number in bolded text is the student's overall RIT score. The numbers on either side of the RIT score define the RIT range.	The middle number in bolded text is the student's percentile rank, or the percentage of students who had a RIT score less than or equal to this student's score as observed in the NWEA norms study.	This range appears when the student has taken a reading test. You can use it with online resources to identify appropriately challenging books, periodicals, and other reading material for each student. Lexile® is a trademark of MetaMetrics, Inc.	Minutes a student took on a test. A short test duration might indicate that a student needs to be retested because the test has been invalidated.
(+/- Std Err)			
error range. If retes	her side define the standard ted, the student's score s range about 68% of the		

Gray text: Indicates tests that are valid but do not provide growth data (such as a test taken outside the test window). These test results are excluded from summary statistics.

Goal Performance

- A. Phonological Awareness
- B. Phonics
- C. Concepts of Print
- D. Vocabulary and Word Structure

_			Teagler, Talantia N. (2 100104) Years Lymen's (2 100104)	00000 0740000 11-000 08 27m 1845 No. 10000 0000 000 08 0m 10- 10-00 000	N 10-10 EF-00 10-00 W-10
	A	В	С	D	E
_	137-151	139-155	153-169	160-175	148-162
	145-160	140-156	153-168	147-161	155-170
	158-172	154-168	152-166	160-175	157-171
	143-158	148-163	132-149	165-179	161-175
	141-156	140-155	155-172	141-155	150-165
	181-198	168-186	172-186	159-173	160-174
	134-148	134-148	133-147	149-166	139-153
	130-144	140-155	125-140	139-154	125-139
	142-157	129-144	143-157	148-163	149-164
	127-143	143-158	141-155	137-153	152-169
	155-170	169-184	160-175	145-161	159-173
	140-157	153-168	158-173	138-153	151-166

Goal Performance

Summarizes each student's performance in the goal strands tested. Data appear only if a student took a MAP or adaptive MPG test.

Italic scores = Performance that might be an area of concern, because they are more than 3 RIT points below the overall RIT score.

Bold scores = Performance that might be an area of relative strength, because they are more than 3 RIT points *above* the overall RIT score.

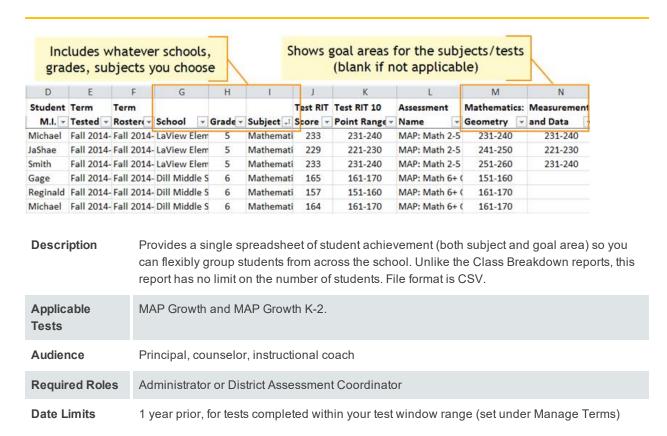
Plain scores = RIT range within 3 RIT points of the overall RIT score.

Scores can appear either as RIT ranges or descriptors, which are based on NWEA norms. Low = 20th percentile or lower. LoAvg = 20th to 40th percentile. Avg = 40th to 60th percentiles. HiAvg = 60th to 80th percentiles. High = 80th percentile or higher.

Tip: Focus on the italic and bold areas with teachers to help set instructional goals.

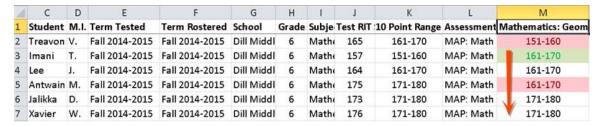
If an asterisk (*) appears for the goal: The goal performance cannot be calculated. The student may have answered too many items incorrectly or too few items may have been available in the RIT range assessed.

Grade Breakdown



Example Uses for Grade Breakdown

Suppose a team of 6th grade math teachers are creating flexible groups to help students in the area of geometry. Sort by the Geometry column (M) to see which students have lower achievement in that goal, across all 6th grade classes:



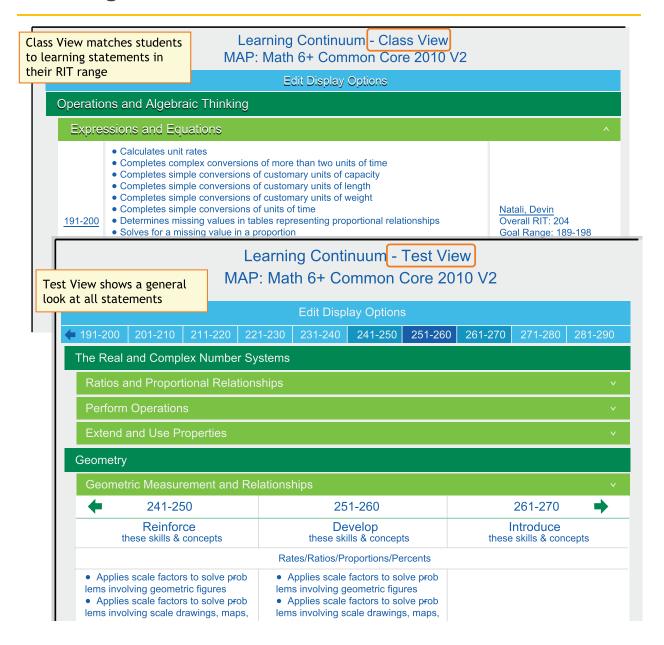
Tip: As shown in column M, you could use conditional formatting to highlight whether an area is a relative strength (green) or weakness (red), as compared to the overall math score range (column K). Considering the relative strength or weakness helps to form groups with complimentary profiles. An area of strength or concern applies only for differences of 3 RIT points or more.

As another example, when organizing students into classes for a given grade, you could look at their achievement from the previous academic year.

Which Grade Gets Selected?

If you generate the Grade Breakdown for a term from the last academic year, the report filters students based on the grade they had at the time of testing, which may differ from their current grade.

Learning Continuum



Description

Translates MAP scores to learning statements so you can set student goals and tailor your instruction to student needs.

Class View — organized by what each student should be working on

Test View — organized by all RIT bands so you can see what to reinforce or introduce

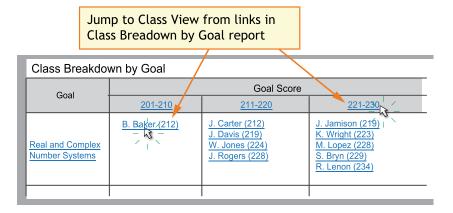
Applicable Tests	MAP Growth and MAP Growth K-2.
Audience	Instructional coach, teacher, counselor
Required Roles	Instructor, Administrator, or Assessment Coordinator (School or District)
Date Limits	1 year prior, for tests completed within your test window range (set under Manage Terms)

How to Access

You can access the Learning Continuum either from View Reports > MAP Reports > Learning Continuum, where you can open either the Class View or Test View...

-or-

...quickly open the Class View by clicking links in the Class Breakdown by Goal report:



With this access, you can more easily pinpoint the student or students who need support.

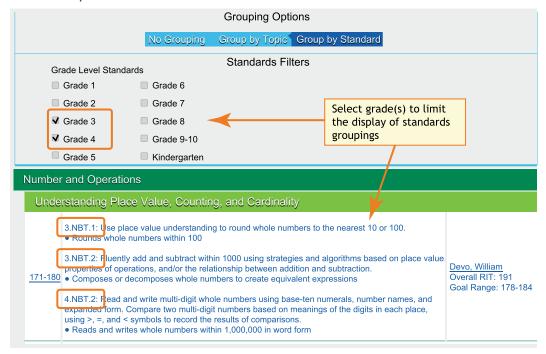
Note: In addition to teachers (Instructor role), school and district leaders can also take advantage of this feature (specifically, the District Assessment Coordinator and Administrator roles).

Display Tips

- If available, click **Edit Display Options** to further control the display. The Display Options are not available on all test versions.
 - Group by Topic—These topic groups are chosen by NWEA to make it easier to locate common themes and content. The topics are not connected to any standard.
 - Group by Standard

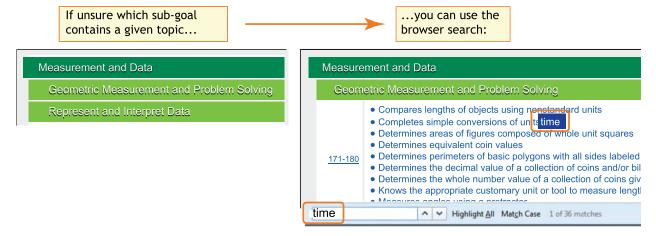
 Most useful when combined with the Grade Level Standards filter, so you can isolate particular standards.

 Filter by Grade Level Standards—Use this in combination with the Group by Standard option:

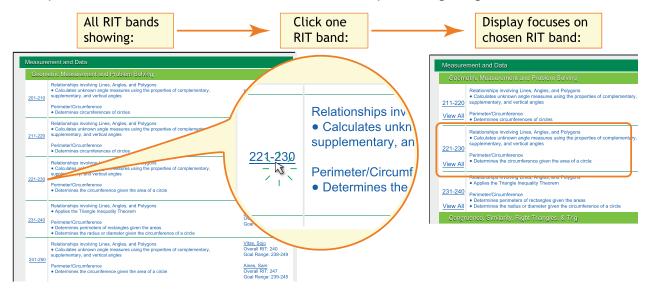


• Use the **browser search**: Ctrl+F or Cmd+F.

Example: You are unsure which sub-goal contains a certain topic.

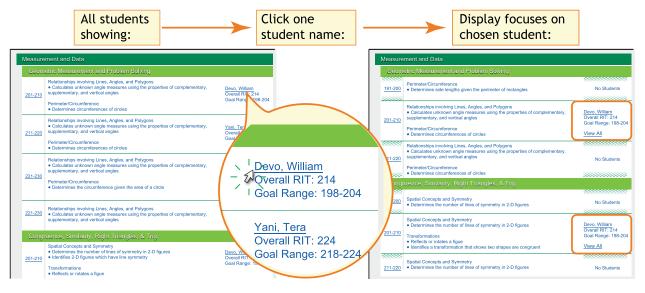


• Click a RIT band to view it in isolation, along with adjacent RIT bands. (Class View only.) Example: You need to differentiate instruction for students performing in a given RIT band.



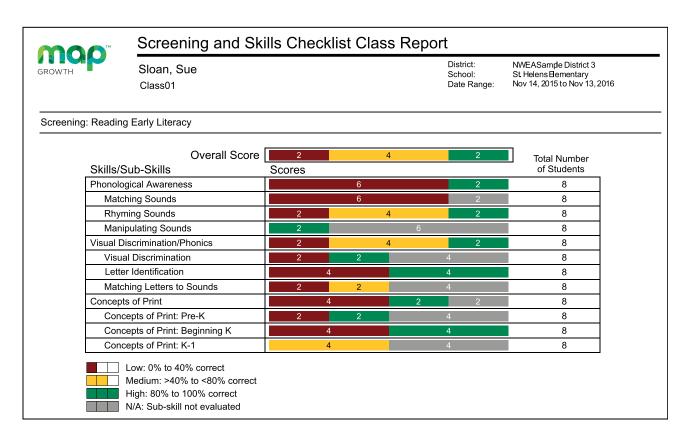
Note: To restore the full view, click View All.

Click a student name to isolate just that student. (Class View only.)
 Example: You need to set learning goals for a certain student.



Note: To restore the full view, click View All.

Screening and Skills Checklist Class Report



Description

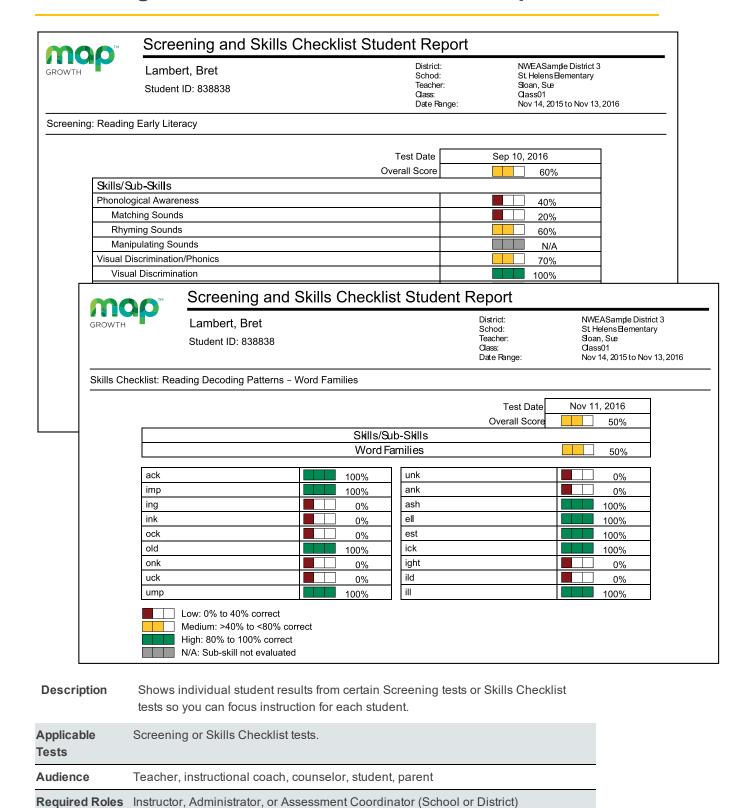
Shows overall class performance for skills and concepts included in certain Screening tests or Skills Checklist tests so you can modify and focus instruction for the whole class.

Applicable Tests	Screening or Skills Checklist tests.
Audience	Instructional coach, teacher, counselor
Required Roles	Instructor, Administrator, or Assessment Coordinator (School or District)
Date Limits	Up to 3 terms prior, for all tests completed within the range you specify

Recommended Uses

- Modify and focus instruction according to identified strengths and weaknesses.
- Plan curriculum according to students' foundational skills.
- Track performance to gauge whether student performance is improving, staying the same, or decreasing.

Screening and Skills Checklist Student Report



Up to 3 terms prior, for all tests completed within the range you specify

Date Limits

Recommended Uses

- Focus instruction based on identified areas of strength or concern.
- Communicate with parents about a child's growth from term to term.

Screening and Skills Checklist Sub-Skill Report

~	Screening a	Screening and Skills Checklist Sub-Skill Report									
MOP [™] GROWTH	Sloan, Sue Class01					ot: ol: Range:	NWEA Sample District 3 St. Helens Elementary Dec 19, 2015 to Dec 18, 2				
Skills Checklist:	Math Computation -	20 Numbe	ers								
		Low									
		Student ID	Student Name	Addition: Addition - two 1-digit numbers - horizontal format	Addition: Addition - two 1-digit numbers - vertical format	Addition: Addition - three 1-digit numbers	Subtraction: Subtraction- two 1-digit numbers - horizontal format	Subtraction: Subtraction - two 1-digit numbers - vertical format			
		S11001934	Pace, Kristan N.	0/2: 0%	0/2: 0%	0/1: 0%	3/3: 100%	1/2: 50%			
		S11002026	Varelman, Lisa E.	1/2: 50%	0/2: 0%	0/1: 0%	0/3: 0%	0/2: 0%			
		S11001877	Walvatne, Metzlis I.	2/5: 40%	5/5: 100%	1/5: 20%	2/5: 40%	2/5: 40%			
		S11001920	Woollacott, Jennalea A.	3/5: 60%	2/5: 40%	3/5: 60%	3/5: 60%	2/5: 40%			
		S11001865	Zarmon, Valerio O.	2/2: 100%	2/2: 100%	0/1: 0%	0/3: 0%	0/2: 0%			
		Medium									
		Student ID	Student Name	Addition: Addition – two 1-digit numbers – horizontal format	Addition : Addition - two 1-digit numbers - vertical format	Addition: Additio n- three 1-digit numbers	Subtraction: Subtractio n- two 1-digit numbers - horizontal format	Subtraction: Subtraction – two 1-digit numbers – vertical format			
		S11001909	Vetsch, Lymon N.	4/5: 80%	4/5: 80%	3/5: 60%	4/5: 80%	3/5: 60%			
		High									
Medium	% to 40% correct n: >40% to <80% correct	Student ID	Student Name	Addition: Addition - three 1-digit numbers	Addition: Addition - two 1-digit numbers- horizontal format	Addition: Addition - two 1-digit numbers - vertical format	Subtraction: Subtraction – two 1-digit numbers – horizontal format	Subtraction: Subtraction - two 1-digit numbers - vertical format			
	0% to 100% correct	S11002004	Esposito, Lyndon N.	5/5: 100%	4/5: 80%	4/5: 80%	4/5: 80%	4/5: 80%			
N/A: Su	b-skill not evaluated	S11001867	Gatlin, Jatyka A.	5/5: 100%	5/5: 100%	5/5: 100%	5/5: 100%	5/5: 100%			

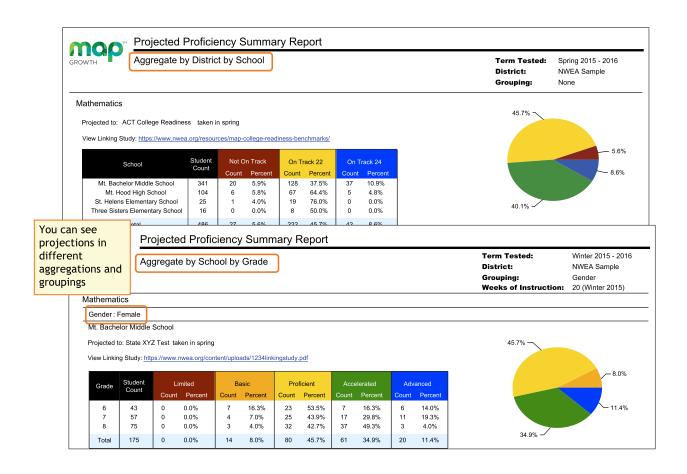
Description	Shows test results of individual students in a selected class so you can
	identify students who need help with specific skills.

Applicable Tests	Screening or Skills Checklist tests.
Audience	Instructional coach, teacher, counselor
Required Roles	Instructor, Administrator, or Assessment Coordinator (School or District)
Date Limits	Up to 3 terms prior, for all tests completed within the range you specify
	·

Tips for Sub-Skill Report

- Accessible from a link in the MAP for Primary Grades Class Report.
- Report results are measured by the percentage of questions answered correctly.
- Select and sort sub-skills to group students alphabetically by low, medium, and high performance levels as a group or individual groups by performance levels.
- See which students need help with specific skills and measure progress.

Projected Proficiency Summary Report



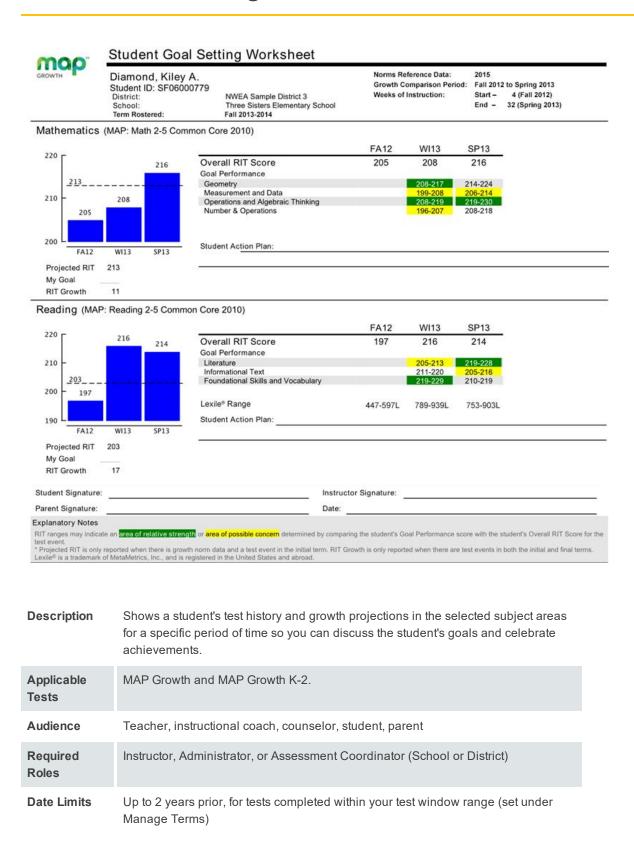
Description	Shows aggregated projected proficiency data so you can determine how a group of students is projected to perform on separate state and college readiness tests.
Applicable Tests	MAP Growth and MAP Growth K-2.
Audience	Superintendent, curriculum specialist, instructional coach, principal

Required Roles	Administrator or District Assessment Coordinator
Date Limits	All years prior, for tests completed within your test window range (set under Manage Terms). Also, the Test Window Complete check box must be selected.

About Proficiency Projections

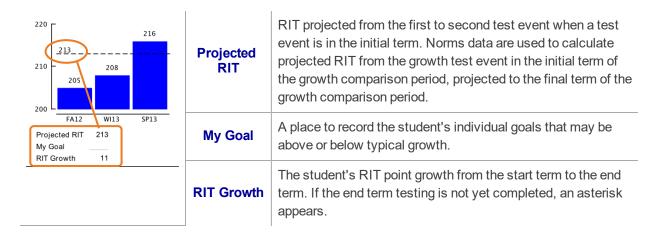
- There are no projections available from summer test results.
- Which state and college projections appear depends on the state alignment that your district selected during MAP implementation.
- If your state does not have a specific NWEA linking study, generic projections developed by NWEA appear on the report.
- Depending on the state, projections may be limited to certain subjects (typically reading and math) and certain grades (typically 2 through 8).
 - o College readiness projections are limited to grades 5 through 9.
- ACT College Readiness—The "On Track 24" projection is the highest benchmark. It is based on a more stringent ACT cut score of 24, instead of 22. For details, open the linking study.

Student Goal Setting Worksheet



Tips for the Worksheet

- Growth measured may span up to five terms.
- In the fall, start a conversation with the student using the Overall RIT and Projected RIT and determine where the student stands with regard to goal areas. You could focus on a goal area in the student's action plan, particularly if you plan to emphasize instruction in that goal area.
- Can be a reference to help celebrate achievements at the end of the school year.

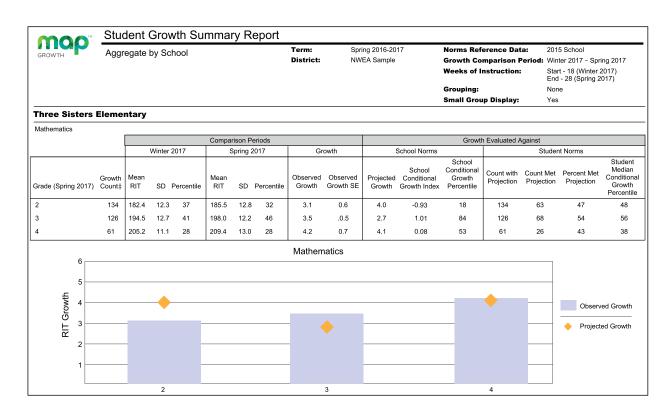


	FA12	WI13	SP13
Overall RIT Score	197	216	214
Goal Performance			
Literature		205-213	219-228
Informational Text		211-220	205-216
Foundational Skills and Vocabulary		219-229	210-219
Lexile® Range	447-597L	789-939L	753-903L
Student Action Plan:			

Overall RIT Score	The student's RIT score for each term in which the student has a growth test event in the subject, regardless of the test the student took. For example, suppose a student took a Math 2-5 test in the fall and a Math 6+ test in winter and spring. In this case, the worksheet shows an Overall RIT Score for each of the three terms.
Goal Performance	Shows the RIT score range for each instructional area ("goal performance"). Color codes indicate the performance relative to the student's overall score: • Green indicates that the median of the goal score range is more than 3 RIT points <i>above</i> Overall RIT Score. In the above sample, Foundational Skills is green because 224 (the median between 219-229) is 8 points above 216 (the overall score). • Yellow indicates more than 3 RIT points below the Overall RIT
	Score. In the above sample, Literature is yellow because 209 (median between 205-213) is 5 below 216 (overall score).

	White or gray indicates a RIT range within 3 RIT points of the overall RIT.
	Note: Only test events that are consistent with the last test taken in the growth comparison period appear. For example, suppose a student took a Math 2-5 test in fall and then took a Math 6+ test in winter and spring. Only the test scores from the Math 6+ test events in winter and spring would appear on the report, because the goals were different in the fall term and are not comparable.
	If an asterisk (* or *-*) appears: The goal performance cannot be calculated. The student may have answered too many items incorrectly or too few items may have been available in the RIT range assessed.
Lexile [®] Range	This range appears when the student has taken a reading test. You can use it with online resources to identify appropriately challenging books, periodicals, and other reading material for each student. Lexile® is a trademark of MetaMetrics, Inc.
Student Action Plan	A place to plan activities and strategies for the student to follow for improved performance in specific goal performance areas.

Student Growth Summary Report



Description	Shows aggregate growth in a district or school compared to the norms for
	similar schools, so you can adjust instruction and use of materials.

Applicable Tests	MAP Growth and MAP Growth K-2.
Audience	Superintendent, curriculum specialist, instructional coach, principal
Required Roles	Administrator or Assessment Coordinator (School or District)
Date Limits	All years prior, for tests completed within your test window range (set under Manage Terms). Also, the Test Window Complete check box must be selected.
Notes	 All testing must be declared complete for the term. Summary data include only those students with available growth projections plus valid test events in the selected period.

Comparison Periods

— Student Growth Summary Report —

		Comparison Periods						
	Winter 2017 Spring 2			2017	Gr	owth		
Growth Count‡	Mean RIT	SD F	Percentile	Mean RIT	SD	Percentile	Observed Growth	Observed Growth SE
134	182.4	12.3	37	185.5	12.8	32	3.1	0.6
126	194.5	12.7	41	198.0	12.2	46	3.5	.0.5
61	205.2	11.1	28	209.4	13.0	28	4.2	0.7

Growth Count	Mean RIT	SD	Percentile
Number of students with valid growth test events for both terms.	Average RIT score of students in this Growth Count for the term indicated.	Standard Deviation. Indicates diversity of a group of students tested in this term. The lower the number, the more students are alike. The higher the number, the greater the diversity in this group.	Percentile (a percentage-based ranking) of the achievement reached for the given term, as compared to the school-level NWEA norms from the same grade and with the same weeks of instruction between testing (as specified in your MAP preferences).
Observed Growth			Observed Growth SE
Average change in RIT scores from starting term to ending term (ending RIT minus starting RIT).		If these students tested again ov	ciated with term-to-term growth for the group. ver the same period with comparable tests, ithin a range defined by the observed growth, ng error, about 68% of the time.

School Norms Section

— Student Growth Summary Report —

School norms compare overall grade-level results between your school and schools in the NWEA norms study.

	Growth Eva	aluated Agains	st
	School Norms		
,	School Conditional Growth Index	School Conditional Growth Percentile	
4.0	-0.93	18	
2.7	1.01	84	
4.1	0.08	53	

School Norms

Projected Growth	School Conditional Growth Index	School Conditional Growth Percentile
Growth projections based upon the mean RIT of this group and the 2015 school-level norms. It also incorporates the weeks of instruction before testing, as set in the MAP preferences for your district or school.	Enables you to compare growth between grades or groups by putting them all on an equal scale. This measurement ranks your grade-level growth among the growth observed across all matching schools within the NWEA norms study. A value of zero (0) corresponds to the mean (typical) growth, indicating that growth exactly matched projections.	Translates the School Conditional Growth Index to percentile (a percentage- based ranking). An index of 0 equates to 50th percentile.

Student Norms Section

— Student Growth Summary Report —

Student norms are an aggregation of the NWEA norms data calculated for individual students.

Gr	Growth Evaluated Against				
		Studer	nt Norms		
	Count with Count Met Percent Met Projection				
	134	63	47	48	
	126	68	54	56	
	61	26	43	38	

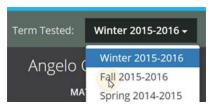
Count With Projection	Count Met Projection	Percent Met Projection	Student Median Conditional Growth Percentile
Number of students used for the Student Norms calculations. Because growth projection norms are not available for some situations, this count could be smaller than the first Count column.	Shows how students co met or exce individual g projections. Intended for the growth of grade, but r comparing g	eded their rowth r evaluating within each	Percentile that falls in the middle of all the Conditional Growth Percentiles for this group of students. It shows how these students compare to matching peers from NWEA norms. The student norms percentile is often larger than the school norms percentile, because individual students' growth rates are typically larger than a grade can grow as a whole. For more on student conditional growth, see: Summary Growth Sample on page 9.

Student Profile Report



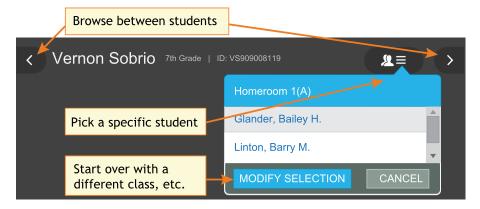
Basic Usage

- Browser recommendation—Avoid using Internet Explorer and Safari 8, because of slow performance. Chrome performs the best. If needed, try clicking refresh:
- Prerequisite Your school or district should have correctly set the Weeks of Instruction between testing, under MAP preferences. This setting specifies the average amount of instruction your students received, so it determines how they align to students in the NWEA norms study.
- Quick Access To jump straight to a specific student, open View Reports > MAP Reports, and use the Student Quick Search.
- View Prior Test Data— You can choose prior terms from the menu at top:

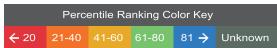


The default—**Most Recent**—means the most recent *term with test data*, which could differ for each subject. To alert you when the most recent score comes from a prior term, an asterisk appears next to the subject score.

Change Student, Class, or Term Rostered— There are various ways to switch to a
different student:



Percentile colors — Wherever you see color coding, it indicates the percentile (a
percentage-based ranking) of the achievement your student reached. It compares your
student to students in the NWEA norms study from the same grade and with the same weeks
of instruction between testing (as specified in your MAP preferences).



 Give Feedback — Is anything unclear? Do you wish for another feature? Click the Feedback button near the bottom.



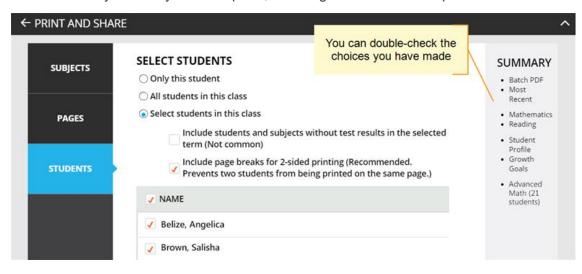
Note: If you close (X) the Feedback button, it disappears temporarily on your particular computer. It reappears in 24 hours.

Printing

For parent conferences and other meetings, you can quickly prepare printed reports for all students or a selection. While viewing any student in the Student Profile report, click **Print and Share**, and then **Batch PDF**:



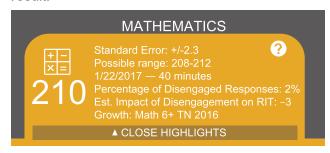
There are many choices you can explore, including which students to print:



Caution: Under Pages, the **Instructional Areas** option uses a large amount of paper. For each student, it prints *all* of the "ready to DEVELOP" learning statements in all areas.

Subject Scores

The overall RIT score appears in each subject tab, along with important test details to qualify this test result:



Standard Error and Possible range— Shows an estimate of the measurement precision. If retested soon after, the student's score would be within this range

Minutes—Total duration that the student took to complete testing. Notice if the duration changes unusually compared to

most of the time.

other terms, because it could qualify your insights.

Percentage and Impact of Disengaged Responses—A response is disengaged when a student rapidly guesses faster than it takes to actually view the whole question, and well below the average response time measured by NWEA for each test question. If N/A appears, it means no rapid guessing was detected for that test.

The Estimated Impact shows how many RIT points higher the student *might have scored*. For example, with a RIT score of 210 and an Estimated Impact of –3, it means the student might have scored 213 if fully engaged during testing.

Excessive Disengagement—If 30% or more of all test questions are marked as disengaged, then the entire test becomes invalid. It is not trustworthy for growth measures, and so it does not appear in the Student Profile report. However, invalid tests will appear on the Class and Grade reports, along with the reason for invalidation.

Highlight Recommendations

In the Highlights section, you can review a summary and recommendations for the most recent test results (if needed, change the Term to **Most Recent**):



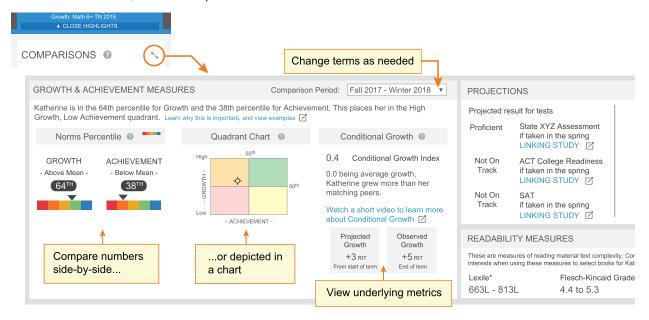
This information also appears in the printed report as part of the profile overview page.

Comparisons

The Comparisons section enables you to put the MAP Growth score into a meaningful context. You can connect the student's score with other measures to answer various questions:

- How well is my student growing?
- How will my student perform on state or college exams?
- What reading level does my student need?

To see the full view, click the expansion arrows:

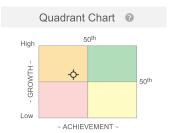


Growth Examples

Consider a student who does well in math, but not reading. There could be more to the story when you compare the Achievement to Growth.

High Growth—Although the student's reading Achievement score was below average for reading, you could offer encouragement by focusing on the above-average growth shown. With continued growth, this student can catch up with peers.





Low Growth—After congratulating this student on a great Achievement score for math, you could ask about the below-average growth and suggest more challenges to keep the student growing to potential.





Growth Details

For a closer look into growth calculations, refer to the following measurements in the expanded view:

Conditional Growth Index—This statistic underlies the Growth Percentile. It relates your student's growth with the growth patterns of matching peers within the NWEA norms study (same grade, starting RIT score, and Weeks of Instruction before testing). In addition, this measurement involves a conditioning process that incorporates how difficult it was for each student to grow.

A value of zero (0) corresponds to the mean (typical) growth, indicating that growth exactly matched projections. Values above zero indicate growth that exceeded projections, and values below zero indicate growth below projections.

Projected Growth—Shows the number of RIT points your student was expected to grow between the Comparison Period, based on the growth of matching peers in the NWEA norms study.

Observed Growth—Shows the actual RIT point difference between the start and end term of the Comparison Period. Comparing Observed and Projected Growth provides a simple confirmation of the other growth insights.

Projection Details

The projections for state and college exams have some qualifications:

- There are no projections available from summer test results.
- Which state and college projections appear depends on the state alignment that your district selected during MAP implementation.
- If your state does not have a specific NWEA linking study, generic projections developed by NWEA appear on the report.
- Depending on the state, projections could be limited to certain subjects (typically reading and math) and certain grades (typically 2 through 8).
 - College readiness projections are limited to grades 5 through 9 (SAT) and 10 (SAT).
- To make projections, the report follows these steps:
 - Uses NWEA norms to estimate growth to the term when the state or college assessment typically occurs.
 - Uses the NWEA linking study to correlate that projected RIT score to an estimated proficiency.

 ACT College Readiness—The "On Track 24" projection is the highest benchmark. It is based on a more stringent ACT cut score of 24, instead of 22.

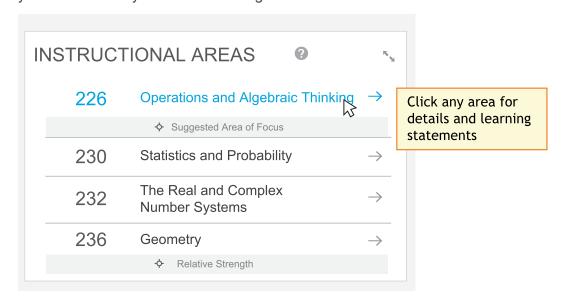
Readability Measures

The Lexile[®] and Flesch-Kincaid measures are estimates based on your student's RIT score. Use either measure to choose appropriate reading material:

- Lexile scale—Reflects word frequency (semantics) and sentence length. Find books at Lexile.com. Lexile[®] is a trademark of MetaMetrics, Inc.
- Flesch-Kincaid Grade Level—Reflects word and sentence length as a proxy for text complexity. If you have Microsoft Word[®], you can paste text that you copied from a Website, and use the built-in readability statistics to check the Flesch-Kincaid Grade Level.

Instructional Areas and Learning Paths

In the Instructional Areas section, you can see the component parts of the assessment, and then get details you need to develop a personalized <u>learning path</u> for your student. Lower scores appear near the top, so you can suggest where to focus efforts, and higher scores appear near the bottom, so you can celebrate your student's strengths.



Note: Also known as "goal performance scores" elsewhere in MAP, these scores appear on existing reports, such as: *Class, Student Progress, Grade, Achievement Status and Growth*, and others. Key differences:

- Range of scores—Instead of a range representing the Standard Error, only the middle score of that range appears here. However, you can see the +/- Standard Error when you click an instructional area to open the details.
- Low / High percentiles—Instead of comparing scores to NWEA norms, the scores are compared to the overall score and, in some cases, designated "Area of Focus" or "Relative Strength."

About Suggested Area of Focus / Relative Strength

You may see some areas labeled *Relative Strength* or *Suggested Area of Focus*. These labels help you pinpoint how the student performed relative to the subject overall. Here is how the report designates each area:

- Takes the difference between the instructional area score and subject score
- Adjusts for the Standard Error in both scores:
 - If the adjusted difference is positive—area labeled *Relative Strength*
 - If the adjusted difference is negative—area labeled Suggested Area of Focus
 - If the difference is within the Standard Error—no label

Where is the Standard Error shown?—For the subject, look in the main tab. For an instructional area, open the detailed, expanded view.

Tips for Personalized Learning Paths

Click any instructional area to see related learning statements and standards, which you can use to create a learning path for your student. (These are the same learning statements available from the Learning Continuum on page 28.)

Note: The appearance of a learning statement does not necessarily mean your student received questions about that skill or concept. However, statistically a student's RIT score *does* predict the applicability of learning statements.

Quick Find:

Use the **Filters** to pinpoint a specific topic or standard:



Reinforce / Develop / Introduce:

On the top right, choose which level of learning statements will help your student:

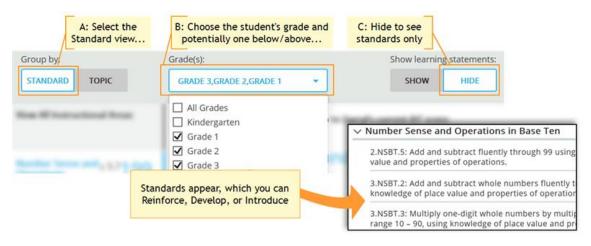
- Reinforce—Statements that will help you connect what the student already knows to new learning.
- Develop—Statements that your student is ready to learn now.
- Introduce—Statements that will help when your student is ready for more challenge.

Repeated statements—If you see learning statements repeated, they will appear in gray font color. It means the same concept applies in both areas, but at increasing levels of complexity. For example, with reading you might use increasingly longer text passages and words to develop the same skill:



Standards View:

Use the following options to see applicable state standards.

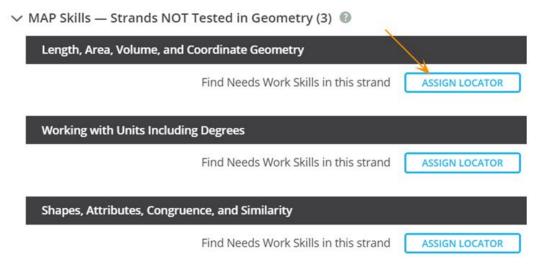


Assignments for Strands and Skills

If your school uses MAP Skills™, you can easily set up assignments while you view the Student Profile MAP results:



As shown in this example, Geometry is a *Suggested Area of Focus*, so you can click the **STRANDS TESTED** link to see which strands apply to Geometry. You can then click **ASSIGN LOCATOR**, and the MAP Skills Assignment tab appears with all the applicable settings chosen automatically:

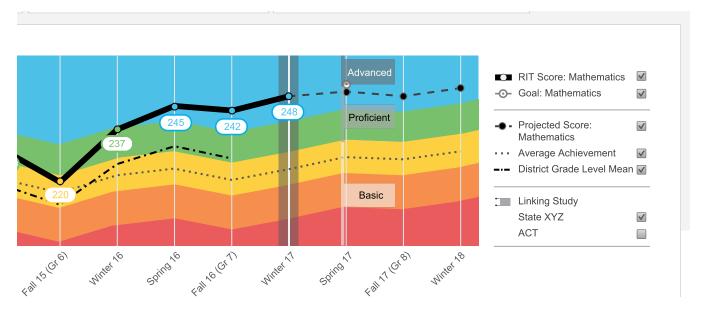


When finished, close the separate MAP Skills window.

Note: To track the assignment, open MAP Skills directly so you can see the status of the mission.

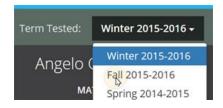
Growth Over Time

At the bottom of the page, you can see all historical, longitudinal data for a student:



To see further back:

Scroll up and change the **Term** menu, above the student name. If you choose **Most Recent**, the graph orients around the current calendar term.



Definitions for Growth Over Time:

See also: Percentile Colors (under Basic Usage on page 44)



• **Goal**—If you have set future growth goals in the Growth Goals section, they appear here. If not, no goals appear on the graph. For prior terms, it is a gauge of how well your student met the goals you set together. For future terms, it helps to show the direction you have set.



Projected Score—This projection is based on your student's actual RIT score in a prior term,
plus the typical RIT growth of *matching peers* within the NWEA norms study. Matching peers
have the *same prior RIT score*, as well as the same grade and weeks of instruction between
testing (as specified in your MAP Growth preferences). Using matching peers provides a fair
comparison, so it is reasonable for your student to meet the projection and even grow beyond it.



• Average Achievement—Shows the average score (50th percentile) for *all* applicable students within the NWEA norms study. Students within the norms study have the same grade and weeks of instruction between testing (as specified in your MAP Growth preferences).



District Grade Level Mean—Shows the average score for students within your district who
were in the same grade and who tested in the same term.

If it doesn't appear in a given term, the district testing window is not yet closed. Contact a team leader to close the testing window, and then wait for overnight processing.



Linking Study (Cut Scores)—If applicable, you can see your student's projected performance on state or college readiness assessments. Bars showing the cut scores are hidden by default, so use the check box on the right to display it.

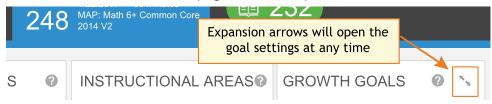
For more information, see: Projection Details on page 48.

• **Gray background**—When there is no data, a gray background appears. Examples include: no completed test event, student not enrolled, or no norms study (12th grade and 11-12th grade Science).

Growth Goals

For an upcoming term, you can create a growth or performance target for each student. Later, return to see if the student met the goal.

1. From the main Student Profile page, click the expansion arrows:



- 2. Consider the Tips for Setting Growth Goals on page 56 (below).
- 3. Set a goal by making an entry, and then clicking outside the box:



Use any of the goal numbers—the other numbers adjust to match your entry.

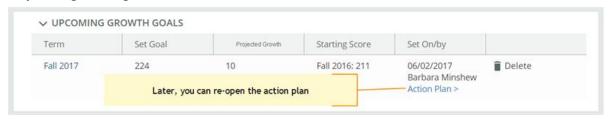
Note: The RIT Growth and Growth Percentile entries are not available if there is no recent test score to form the basis of growth.

4. As a best practice, type an Action Plan in the box provided so that you and your student can review it later.

Note: Currently, you cannot edit the Action Plan. However, you can overwrite the entire goal at any time.

5. Click **Set Goals** to save your change.

After a moment, the goal appears in a row at the top. If needed, you can delete it, or overwrite it by setting a new goal.



Tips for Setting Growth Goals

General assumption: Your school or district has correctly set the Weeks of Instruction between testing, under MAP preferences. It forms the basis for much of the percentiles and projections shown.

A. Strike a balance:

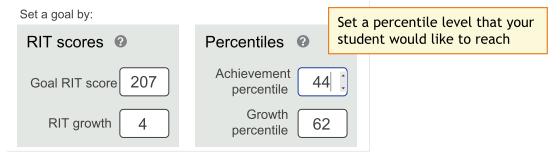
- Challenge your student—To advance academically, students should strive to go beyond the typical scores.
- Be realistic—Consider past performance so the goal fits your student's capabilities.

B. How many **RIT Growth** points are reasonable?

- By default, growth is set to the **Projected Growth**, if available. This growth projection is
 personalized to your student, because it is based on *matching peers* from NWEA
 norms (*same prior RIT score*, grade, and weeks of instruction between testing).
 - Using matching peers provides a fair comparison, because students with high starting achievement generally do not grow as much as students with low achievement.
 - Projected Growth is the mid-point for these peers (half grew more and half grew less).
- This score is an initial suggestion—you might target above or below it, depending on other considerations.
- In contrast, the Average Achievement (bottom left) shows you how all students
 typically perform within the same grade and same weeks of instruction between testing.
 It is simply the average score (50th percentile) for the target term.

C. Which of the **percentile bands** (rainbow colors) should your student target?

- Percentiles compare your student to students in the NWEA norms study from the same grade and with the same weeks of instruction between testing.
- For example, suppose your student is hovering just below the orange percentile band, and you want to encourage her to reach the next band. Try setting **Achievement** Percentile to the low 40's, which is the cut-off for that percentile.



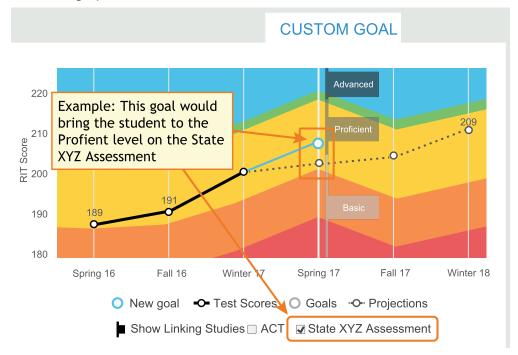
Next, consider Growth Percentile, if available. It shows the level of growth your

student would have to reach in order to reach the Achievement Percentile. Higher growth numbers mean a greater challenge.

How Growth Percentile is Calculated—This measurement ranks each student's growth among the levels of growth observed across all matching peers within the NWEA norms study (same prior RIT score, grade, and weeks of instruction between testing).

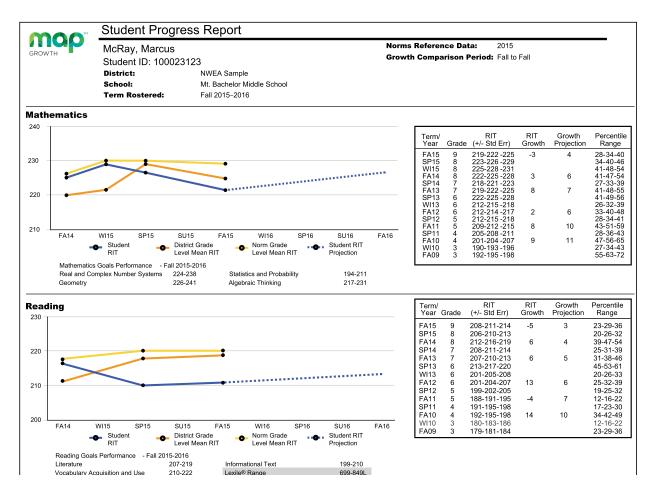
The statistical calculation comes from the Conditional Growth Index. A value of zero (0) corresponds to the mean (typical) growth. Values above zero indicate growth above average, and values below zero indicate growth below average.

D. If available, consider the growth needed to reach an ideal cut score on state or college assessments. Bars showing the cut scores are hidden by default, so select one, or both, below the graph:



For more information, see: <u>Projection Details on page 48</u>.

Student Progress Report

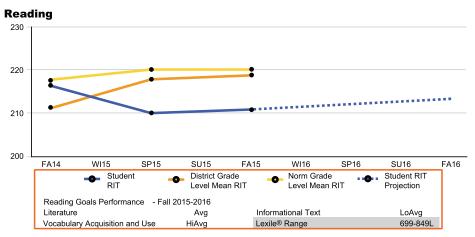


Description

Shows a student's overall progress from all past terms to the selected term so you can communicate about the student's term-to-term growth.

Applicable Tests	MAP Growth, Screening, and MAP Growth K-2.
Audience	Teacher, instructional coach, counselor, student, parent
Required Roles	Instructor, Administrator, or Assessment Coordinator (School or District)
Prior Data	All years prior, including tests completed outside your test window range (they appear in gray font if you choose the All Valid report option)

Graph for Student Progress



Student RIT	District Grade Level Mean RIT	Norm Grade Level Mean RIT	Student RIT Projection				
The student's score for each term.	Average RIT score for students in the same school district and same grade who tested at the same time as the student named on this report. If it doesn't appear, the district testing window is not yet closed.	Average score for students who were in the same grade and who tested in the same term, as observed in the NWEA norms study. If it doesn't appear, there is no norms data for the grade and subject reported.	The projected RIT score when the student takes a future test. This projection is based on student's actual RIT score in the first term of the Growth Comparison Period, and on the average RIT growth of students who were in the same grade and who tested in the same term. The average growth comes from the NWEA norms study.				
Goal Performance	 Goal Descriptor translates the percentile to one of the following: Low: Student goal scores are lower than the 21st percentile LoAvg: Student goal scores fall within the 21st-40th percentile Avg: Student goal scores fall within the 41st-60th percentile HiAvg: Student goal scores fall within the 61st-80th percentile High: Student goal scores fall within the 81st percentile or higher If goal performance cannot be calculated, an asterisk (*) appears. The student may have answered too many items incorrectly, too few items may have been available in the RIT range assessed, or norms data for percentiles may be unavailable. Goal RIT Ranges reports the student's goal RIT range, such as 198-213. If an asterisk (* or *-*) appears: The goal performance cannot be calculated. The student may have answered too many items incorrectly or too few items may have been available in the RIT range assessed. 						

Lexile® Range

This range appears when the student has taken a reading test. You can use it with online resources to identify appropriately challenging books, periodicals, and other reading material for each student. Lexile® is a trademark of MetaMetrics, Inc.

Details for Student Progress

Tem/ Year	Grade	RIT (+/- Std Err)	RIT Growth	Growth Projection	Percentile Range
FA12	9	208-211-214	-5	3	19-25-31
SP12	8	206-210-213			13-20-26
FA11	8	212-216-219	6	4	31-41-49
SP11	7	208-211-214			21-27-33
FA10	7	207-210-213	6	5	26-33-41
SP10	6	213-217-220			41-52-60
W10	6	201-205-208			18-26-33
FA09	6	201-204-207	13	6	21-29-34
SP09	5	199-202-205			18-23-30
FA08	5	188-191-195	-4	7	9-13-20
SP08	4	191-195-198			13-20-27
FA07	4	192-195-198	-7	8	29-37-45
W107	3	180-183-186			16-21-28
FA06	3	179-181-184			22-27-32

Term/Year + Grade	RIT	RIT Growth	Growth Projection	Percentile Range
Indicates the term, year, and grade in which the test event occurred. Keep in mind that if a term spans more than one year (for example, from 2009 to 2010), the latter of the two years is used. For example, WI10 reflects a term which begins on December 1, 2009 and ends on February 28, 2010.	Middle number is the student's RIT score. The numbers on either side of the RIT score define the score +/- the standard error. If retested soon, the student's score would fall within this range most of the time.	The growth in RIT points made between the two terms in the Growth Comparison Period.	Average growth of students who were in the same grade and began the same term at a similar RIT score, as observed in the NWEA norms study.	The number in the middle is this student's percentile rank, or the percentage of students who had a RIT score less than or equal to this student's score according to the NWEA norms study. The numbers on either side of the percentile rank define the percentile range (the RIT score +/- standard error). If retested soon, this student's percentile rank would be within this range most of the time.
FA (Fall)				
WI (Winter)				
SP (Spring)				
SU (Summer)				

Gray text identifies tests that are valid but do not provide growth data (such as a test taken outside the test window). These test results are excluded from summary statistics.