

STUDENT PERSONNEL
SCHOOL DISRUPTION – SERIOUS STUDENT MISCONDUCT

1. DISRUPTION OF SCHOOL

- A. A student shall not by use of violence, force, noise, coercion, threat, intimidation, fear, passive resistance, or any other conduct intentionally cause the substantial and material disruption or obstruction of any lawful mission, process, or function of the school.
- B. Neither shall a student engage in such conduct for the purpose of causing the substantial and material disruption or obstruction of any lawful mission, process, or function of the school if such a disruption or obstruction is reasonably certain to result.
- C. Neither shall a student urge other students to engage in such conduct for the purpose of causing the substantial and material disruption or obstruction of any lawful mission, process, or function of the school if a substantial and material disruption or obstruction is reasonably certain to result from his urging.
- D. While this list is not intended to be exclusive, the following acts – when done for the purpose of causing a substantial and material disruption or obstruction of any lawful mission, process, or function of the school – illustrate the kinds of offenses encompassed here:
 - a. occupying any school building, school grounds, or part thereof with intent to deprive others of its use;
 - b. blocking the entrance or exit of any school building or corridor or room therein with intent to deprive others of lawful access to or from, or use of, the building or corridor or room;
 - c. setting fire to or substantially damaging any school building or property;
 - d. firing, displaying, or threatening use of firearms, explosives, or other weapons on the school premises for an unlawful purpose;
 - e. prevention of or attempting to prevent by physical act the convening or continued functioning of any school, class, or activity or of any lawful meeting or assembly on the school campus;
 - f. preventing students from attending class or school activity;
 - g. except under the direct instruction of the principal, blocking normal pedestrian or vehicular traffic on a school campus; and
 - h. continuously and intentionally making noises or acting in any manner so as to interfere seriously with the teacher’s ability to conduct his class.

2. DAMAGE OR DESTRUCTION OF SCHOOL PROPERTY

- A. A student shall not intentionally cause or attempt to cause substantial damage to valuable school property or steal or attempt to steal school property of substantial value. Repeated

damage or theft involving school property of small value also shall be a basis for long-term suspension or expulsion from school.

3. DAMAGE OR DESTRUCTION OF PRIVATE PROPERTY

- A. A student shall not intentionally cause or attempt to cause substantial damage to valuable private property or steal or attempt to steal valuable private property either on the school grounds or during a school activity, function, or event off school grounds. Repeated damage or theft involving private property of small value also shall be a basis for long-term suspension or expulsion from school.

4. ASSAULT ON A SCHOOL EMPLOYEE

- A. A student shall not intentionally cause or attempt to cause physical injury or intentionally behave in such a way as could reasonably cause physical injury to a school employee:
 - a. on the school grounds during and immediately before or immediately after school hours;
 - b. on the school grounds at any other time when the school is being used by a school group; or
 - c. off the school grounds at a school activity, function, or event.
- B. Neither self-defense nor action undertaken on the reasonable belief that it was necessary to protect some other person is to be considered an intentionally act under this rule.

5. PHYSICAL ABUSE OF A STUDENT OR OTHER PERSON NOT EMPLOYED BY THE SCHOOL

- A. A student shall not intentionally do serious bodily injury to any person:
 - a. on the school grounds during and immediately before or immediately after school hours,
 - b. on the school grounds at any other time when the school is being used by a school group, or
 - c. off the school grounds at a school activity, function, or event.
- B. Neither self-defense nor action undertaken on the reasonable belief that it was necessary to protest some other person is to be considered an intentional act under this rule.

6. WEAPONS AND DANGEROUS INSTRUMENTS

- A. A student shall not knowingly possess, handle, or transmit any object that can reasonably be considered a weapon:
 - a. on the school ground during and immediately before or immediately after school hours,

- b. on the school grounds at any other time when the school is being used by a school group, or
 - c. off the school grounds at any other school activity, function, or event.
- B. This rule does not apply to normal school supplies like pencils or compasses but does apply to any firearm, any explosive including firecrackers, any knife other than a small pen-knife, and other dangerous objects of no reasonable use to the pupil at school.

7. REPEATED SCHOOL VIOLATIONS

- A. A student shall not repeatedly fail to comply with reasonable directions of teachers, student teachers, substitute teachers, teacher aides, principals or other authorized school personnel during any period of time when he is properly under the authority of school personnel.